The Sydney Morning Herald.

PRICE THREEPENCE.——£3 PER ANNUM] VOL. XXIX. THURSDAY, JULY 25 1850. No. 4115 {CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS For one inch and under, 3s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion.

STEAM TO THE CLARENCE RIVER.

THE steam-packet TAMAR, W. Parsons, Commander, will sail TO-MORROW, the 26th instant, at 8 P.M.

JAS. PATERSON, Secretary.

H.R.S.N. Co.'s Wharf. 1499

PACKET FOR THE CLARENCE RIVER.

THE well-known packet PHŒBE, 100 tons burthen, hourly expected, will sail three days after arrival. For freight or passage, having unrivalled accommodation, apply to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street. 600

FOR MORETON BAY DIRECT,

THE well-known regular trader schooner CHAMPION, Renaud, master—having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to

JOHN MORRIS, Albion Wharf, Bottom of Market-street.

July 24. 1652

PACKET FOR MELBOURNE.

THE fine new clipper brig PRINCE OF WALES, 150 tons burthen, will have quick despatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, (beds, bedding, provisions, wines, beer, and spirits, of the best quality being found) apply to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street. 1596

FIRST VESSEL FOR ADELAIDE.

THE A1 barque ROBERT SYERS, 312 tons, John Morrison, master, is now filling up at the Circular Wharf.

For freight or passage, apply to the Commander, on board, at the Circular Wharf; to MOSES JOSEPH, Or, to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street.

Shippers are requested to send down their goods without delay, to prevent disappointment.

FIRST VESSEL FOR ADELAIDE.

TO SAIL ON SATURDAY, JULY 27.

THE FINE SHIP MAZEPPA, Marsh, master, having superior accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers. For passage apply to P. ABERCROMBIE, Star Hotel. 1639

FIRST SHIP FOR ADELAIDE.

THE first-class barque CADET, now loading at Newcastle, will sail for the above port on Tuesday next, the 30th July. For cabin or steerage passage apply to R. TOWNS, Esq.; or, on board, to the owner, JAS. MALCOLM.

July 24. 1640

FOR AUCKLAND.

THE packet-brig MOA, 232 tons, Captain Norris. This vessel is now daily expected, and will meet with her usual despatch.

For freight or passage apply to WILLIAM WRIGHT, Lower Fort-street.

July 24. 1641

FOR PORT NICHOLSON.

THE Regular Trader WILLIAM ALFRED, Captain Tinley, has the greater portion of her cargo engaged, and will sail in a few days with whatever freight offers. Apply to the captain, on board; or to M. E. MURNIN, Queen's-place. 1634

FOR WELLINGTON DIRECT.

THE fast-sailing Brigantine SCOTIA, 70 tons, W. Todd, master, will sail on the 18th instant. For freight or passage apply to Mr. S. Lyons, George-street, or to the master on board, at the Circular Wharf. 901

FIRST PASSENGER SHIP FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE A1 barque JULINDUR, 500 tons, Captain Burn. In consequence of the colliers' strike, this vessel will be detained till the end of the present month, when she will positively leave Newcastle for San Francisco direct.

Her accommodations for cabin, intermediate, and steerage passengers are very superior.

Early application is necessary to Captain Burn, at the Office of LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

Passengers will be conveyed to Newcastle, per steamer, free of charge. 1236

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT.

THE fine, fast-sailing teak-built Ship LOUISA, 212 tons, Captain Mailler. This vessel being about to load on ship's account, requires only a few tons of goods on freight which will be taken at a low rate, and she will have immediate despatch.

For terms apply to THACKER AND CO., 541, George-street. 1230

FOR BATAVIA AND SINGAPORE.

THE fine fast-sailing A 1 barque MOUNTAINEER, 355 tons register, A. D. Smith, commander.

Has very superior accommodation for passengers, and will sail on Saturday morning. Apply to GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER, 700, George-street. 1601

FOR LIMA DIRECT.

THE fine first-class ship MARIA, 1014 tons, William Stubbs, commander.

This vessel having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will sail positively on Friday next.

For freight or passage, having very superior accommodations, apply to the Commander, on board; or, to R. TOWNS.

The mail will be made up at twelve o'clock on Friday. 1618

FOR MANILA DIRECT.

THE fast-sailing frigate-built Barque LLOYDS, 403 tons register, A1 at Lloyds, George Pearson, Commander. For freight or passage apply on board the vessel, at Campbell's Wharf, to Captain Pearson; or to JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church Hill. 63

FOR MANILA AND AMOY.

THE BARQUE DUKE OF ROXBURGH, 500 tons register, G. P. Collard, Commander, will sail in a few days for the above ports.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to HENRY MOORE, Miller's Point.

July 22. 1528

FOR LONDON,

THE fine first-class barque EARL GREY, 571 tons. H. E. Lunsdowne, Commander. Has the greater part of her cargo engaged. This ship has a full poop, with first-rate accommodation for the convenience and comfort of passengers. Apply to the Captain, on board; to SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.; Or, J. B. METCALFE.

July 22. 1529

FOR LONDON,
TO SAIL AUGUST 25TH,
FOR LIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fast-sailing frigate-built Ship TASMANIA, 503 tons register, newly coppered and copper-fastened, A1 at Lloyd's, J. C. Tucker, Commander. This fine ship, built expressly for the India trade, offers unusual inducement to passengers. For freight or passage apply to Captain Tucker, on board, at the Circular Wharf; or to W. TUCKER, 421, George-street. 1642

FOR FREIGHT OR PASSAGE.
FOR LONDON.

TO SAIL POSITIVELY ON AUGUST 5.

THE splendid new A1 ship JOHN KNOX, 1800 tons burthen, R. Davidson, Commander, is Frigate-built, though not pierced for guns in the lower deck.

The immense height and capacity of this noble vessel between decks, with ample accommodation for exercise and amusement, so conducive to health during a long voyage, renders the John Knox a most desirable opportunity for parties proceeding to England at this season of the year.

Early application is necessary, in order to make suitable accommodations for steerage and intermediate passengers.

She carries an experienced surgeon, and her poop accommodations are very superior.

Apply to the Commander, on board, at the Circular Wharf; to ABRAM BRIERLEY, Sussex-street; or, to J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO., King-street. 854

FOR LONDON,
FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY,

THE first-class regular trader TROPIC, 382 tons register, Charles Robertson, commander. Has the greater portion of her cargo on board, and will sail 1st August. Has superior accommodation for cabin and steerage passengers. Apply to FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.; or to GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER. 1549

FREIGHT TO CALIFORNIA.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a Vessel to proceed to a port in New Zealand, to take 120 to 150 tons of cargo to San Francisco. The rate of freight will be such as to induce a Vessel proceeding to San Francisco to reserve that space, and to call in at New Zealand to fill up. For further particulars apply to JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen-street. 1671

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,

THE STEAMER RAVEN, 26 tons and 32-horse power; well adapted for a quick passage boat, and being a good sea boat, can be sent to any of the colonies. Apply to Mr. Thomas Coutts, No. 4, O'Connell-street; or, to MESSRS. CAMPBELL AND CO.

Sydney, July 6. 403

FOR SALE, ON ARRIVAL.

THE splendid cutter Yacht IRIS, 75 tons per register, late the property of Lord Rodney, when she carried away several prizes in the Regattas of THE ROYAL YACHT SQUADRON.

Expected in a few days from England via Port Phillip with her present owner, Captain Henderson, R.N.

Apply to J. B. AND G. WERE, Circular Wharf. 1636

SYDNEY CHORAL SOCIETY.

THE evening for the admission of visitors to the practice of the Society is fixed for Wednesday next, the 31st instant. Members may obtain their tickets of admission for the current year, on application to the undersigned.

By order of the Committee, GEORGE R. HIRST, Honorary Secretary.

Queen's-place, July 24. 1637

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE CLARENCE RIVER.

AT a large and influential Meeting, held at Grafton, on the 4th July, 1850, to take into consideration the proposal of the Hunter River Steam Navigation Company, to run one of their vessels between this port and Sydney, the following Resolutions were proposed and unanimously carried.

1st. That J. T. Plomer, Esq., do take the Chair.

2nd That the sole object of the Meeting of the 16th April last, was to consider the best means of obtaining Steam Communication between this port and Sydney.

3rd. That the unanimous sentiment of the Meeting was, that if the Hunter River Steam Navigation Company would occupy this line, the purchasing or building a steamer was a speculation in which the Meeting ought not to embark.

4th. That it is the opinion of this Meeting, that under existing circumstances, the project proposed at the former Meeting, of forming a local Company for the purpose of procuring a steamer to ply between this port and Sydney is unadvisable, and ought to be discontinued.

5th. That Messrs. Sharp, Birkett, and Hewitt, the committee constituted at the former meeting (or the majority thereof), be requested to communicate with the Managers of the Hunter River Steam Navigation Company, and endeavour to obtain from them an engagement, that (conditioned this meeting engages to support their vessels) they will engage to place upon this line one of the new boats ordered from England, and in the meantime run one of the best they can spare.

6th. That J. T. Plomer, Esq., do receive the thanks of the Meeting for his conduct in the Chair.

(Signed) J. T. PLOMER, Chairman. 1650

40 TONS SPERM OIL, for sale by S. WILKINSON, JUN., Macquarie-place. 1668

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Chairman, T. W. Smart, Esq.
Deputy Chairman, Charles Kemp, Esq.

DIRECTORS.
Thomas Agars, Esq. | R. M. Robey, Esq.
Thos. Holt, Jun., Esq. | W. R. Scott, Esq.
Surveyor—James Hume, Esq.
Secretary—George King, Esq.

The Directors of the Sydney Fire Insurance Company call the attention of the public to the following reduced Scale of their Rates of Premium:—

SECTION A.—Slated buildings, 6s. to 12s. per cent.

SECTION B.—Shingled buildings, 8s. to 18s. per cent.

SECTION C.—Weather-boarded buildings 15s. to 30s. per cent.

FIFTY PER CENT. of the Premium will be returned on the renewal, for twelvemonths, on all yearly Policies, SO THAT THE ACTUAL cost of Insurance will be ONE-HALF only of the above Rates.

Application for Insurance to be made to the Secretary, at the Office of the Company, No. 397, Pitt-street.

GEORGE KING, Secretary. 5789

SYDNEY BRANCH OF IMPERIAL FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON.

THE undersigned grant Policies at the reduced rates.

GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., Agents. Spring-street. 5877

AUSTRALIAN GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend of five per cent. on the paid-up capital of this Company, together with a bonus of ten shillings per share, has been declared for the half-year, ended 30th June last, and that the same will be payable to the shareholders on and after Thursday, 1st August next.

J. C. PHELPS, Secretary.

Sydney, July 17. 1239

OLD COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

A MEETING of the proprietors of this Bank will be held on Monday the 29th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the office of the Commercial Bank, George-street.

FREDERICK EBSWORTH, Managing Director.

July 23. 1591

Underwriters' Rooms, Liverpool, 2nd February, 1850.

THIS is to certify to all whom it may concern, that the Committee for managing the affairs of this Association have appointed

MESSRS. SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO. to act as their agents at Sydney, New South Wales.

It is presumed that the Assured, or their Representatives, will readily avail themselves of the assistance of the Agents, who are appointed by the Underwriters to act in their behalf, and whose co-operation will facilitate the settlement of Loss or Average with the Underwriters.

By order of the Committee, THOS. COURT, Secretary, Liverpool Underwriters' Association. 1007

THE AUSTRALIAN BENEFIT INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held at the Royal Hotel, in Sydney, on

TUESDAY, THE 30TH JULY INSTANT, At 3 o'clock p.m.,

when the Annual Report and Balance Sheet for the year ending the 30th June, 1850, will be submitted, and all general business relative to the Society transacted. And four directors to supply the places which have become vacant by ballot, will be elected by the Shareholders.

By order of the Board, CHARLES LOWE, Secretary.

Sydney, July 16. 1241

AUSTRALIAN BENEFIT INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Directors, being eligible for re-election, have put themselves in nomination to fill the offices of Directors declared vacant by ballot, viz.:—

Mr. J. P. Mackenzie
George Armytage
George Taylor

And that the following Members have also declared themselves candidates for the same office, viz.:—

Mr. R. H. Way
W. S. Moutry
John Armstrong
J. B. Rundle.

CHAS. LOWE, Secretary.

July 17. 1255

TENDERS FOR ROAD METAL.

NOTICE—The Trustees of the Cook's River Road hereby give Notice, that they will receive tenders for the delivery monthly of from

100 to 200 tons blue metal
100 to 200 ditto iron stone ditto
100 to 200 ditto white road ditto

for metalling the said road, and separate tenders for breaking and spreading the same.

The tenders must be accompanied with a sample of the stone to be delivered, and left at the office of Mr. Kettle, Druitt-street, on or before Thursday, the 25th instant, at 3 P.M. 1345

HERO OF WATERLOO,
FORT-STREET.

JONATHAN BROWN respectfully intimates to his friends and the public, that he has fitted up the above Tavern with every thing suitable for the accommodation of travellers or other persons visiting Sydney requiring Board and Lodging. He intends conducting the house on the most economical principles, and flatters himself from his past experience and his determination to sell the best article that the market can produce at the lowest remunerating price, to meet with the approbation and encouragement of the public generally.

N.B.—Masters of vessels would find this house in every way suitable to them, from its convenient distance to all the principal wharves. 857

THE LAST and the TRIUMPHAL NUMBER of THE REPRESENTATIVE, Will be Published at one o'clock THIS DAY.

CONTENTS.—The Result of the Poll—Zeb's Account of the effects of the Election on the Holdenites—Song, "The Battle of the City."—Meeting last Night—The Cowardice and Impotency of the Herald &c., &c. 1691

WARLICH'S PATENT FUEL.

FOR SALE by the undersigned—Warlich's patent Fuel, in blocks, at forty shillings per hundred, or broken at sixty shillings per ton.

FREDERICK EBSWORTH, Miller's Point. 1617

THIS EVENING,
AT THE ROYAL HOTEL,
A LA PROMENADE.

MESSRS. EMANUEL AND SIGMONT'S first Musical Entertainment and grand performance on the Patent Harmonium will take place at the Royal Hotel, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 25th instant.

PROGRAMME.

PART 1.

1. Introduction to the grand Opera Norma, March and Prayer, patent harmonium ... Mr. Sigmont.
2. Italian Air, Opera, Tancredi—Rossini ... Madame Gautrot.
3. The celebrated Pestal Air with variations, duet, harmonium ... Messrs. Emanuel and Sigmont.
4. English Ballad ... Mr. Sigmont.
5. New Russian Polka (just arrived), pianoforte and harmonium ... Messrs. Emanuel and Sigmont.
6. Cavatina, Italian—Rossini ... Madame Gautrot.
7. Wild Flower Waltzes—Julien (just arrived), harmonium and pianoforte ... Messrs. Emanuel and Sigmont.

PART 2.

1. Chorus—Handel, harmonium ... Messrs. Emanuel and Sigmont.
2. Fantasia, pianoforte ... Mr. Sigmont.
3. English Ballad ... Mr. Sigmont.
4. Bethoven's celebrated Romance Adelaide, wind instrument effects ... Messrs. Emanuel and Sigmont.
5. Grand Scena Français—Herold, violin obligato ... Mad. and Mons. Gautrot.
6. New set of Quadrilles, harmonium and pianoforte ... Messrs. Emanuel and Sigmont.
7. Comic Song ... Mr. Sigmont.
8. The celebrated Drum Polka—Julien, harmonium and pianoforte ... Messrs. Emanuel and Sigmont.

Admission 2s. Commence at 8 o'clock. 1524

TO ROBERT COPLAND LETHBRIDGE, ESQ., J.P., CHAIRMAN OF THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, PENRITH, &c., &c.

SIR,—We, the undersigned, Landholders and others, residing in the district of Penrith, do hereby request that you will at your earliest convenience, convene a Meeting of the inhabitants and holders of land in the said district, to take into consideration the means which it may be most advisable to adopt to enable them to erect a Bridge over the Nepean River at Emu Ford, on the present line of the Government Road from Sydney to Bathurst.

We are, Sir,
Your obedient servants,
JOHN PERRY
JOHN TINDALE
GEORGE THOMAS CLARKE
REV. JOHN VINCENT
WILLIAM H. KELLETT
D. JONES
JOHN HARRISON
THOMAS MADDEN
JOHN WALLIS
WILLIAM WHEATLEY
MICHAEL MACNAMARA
F. ROBERTSON
HENRY W. HYDE
JAMES LANDERS
JOHN SHERRINGHAM
PETER ROYAL
his
THOMAS ✕ LEAVY
mark
THOMAS PARKIN
THOMAS HARFORD
WILLIAM CHARKER
HENRY PAGE
EDWARD BOOTH
GEORGE NEALE
JAMES RYAN
JOHN ANDERSON
D. M'BEATH
H. CLARKSON
JOSEPH HIBBERSON
CHARLES THOMAS WEAVER
B. LUCAS WATSON
A. C. FRASER

Penrith, July 22.

In compliance with the above requisition, I hereby convene a Meeting of the holders of land and other inhabitants, in the Penrith district, to be holden at the Court House, Penrith, on Tuesday, the 30th July instant, at twelve of the clock, noon, for the purpose therein stated.

R. COPLAND LETHBRIDGE.

Dunheved, July 23. 1647

MRS. T. B. CORBETT, Teacher of English, French, Italian, and Music, can receive a few young Ladies for private lessons or in class.

Families and Schools attended.

152, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park, Sydney. 1664

NEW MUSIC.

JUST RECEIVED, per Hooghley, and for sale by the undersigned, an invoice of Music, consisting of the newest and most fashionable Songs, Quadrilles, Polkas, Waltzes, Mazurkas, Pianoforte Pieces, and Instruction Books, by Schubert, Wallace, Macfarlane, Jullien, Coote, d'Albert, Linter, Chopin, Cramer, &c.

W. J. JOHNSON, Pianoforte Establishment, 314, Pitt-street, near King-street.

HARP AND PIANOFORTES.

On sale by the undersigned, a brilliant-toned double-action Harp, by "Erard," with Gothic head, and all the latest improvements (the only one in the colony for sale). Also, a Semi-Grand Pianoforte, by "Broadwood," and a Square ditto, by "Kirkmann."

INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED AND TUNED.

W. J. JOHNSON, Pianoforte Manufacturer, 314, Pitt-street, near King-street.

N.B.—Several new "MICHROCORDON" Pianos will be ready in a few days, and can be inspected at the manufactory. 1686

YASS STEAM MILLS.

THE charge for grinding here, including smutting and dressing, is now (9d.) ninepence per bushel.

First Flour, 8s.; second, 7s.; ration, 6s., per 100lbs. A discount on these prices to extensive purchasers.

Maize, Barley, and Oats, whole or crushed. Also, Bran on sale at all times.

Wheat purchased, or received in payment of grinding, at the highest market rates.

July 17. 1371

ECONOMY THE ORDER OF THE PRESENT DAY.

THE undersigned has just completed a most superior and convenient Hearse and Mourning Coach in one, which, both from its accommodation, usefulness, and appearance, is not surpassed by any in the colony, especially as it saves the extra expense of a separate mourning coach, as well as answers the purpose of both, which at these times is a great advantage to the public—by reducing still lower the price of Funerals; and the extensive Undertaking Business the undersigned has been engaged in for a number of years in this city, is a proof that it has been conducted both with solemnity and respectability as well as with economy, and, therefore, trusting in future, when occasion requires, he will not be forgotten.

HENRY THOMAS, Undertaker, King-street West, Between York and Clarence streets. 725

LIVERPOOL HOUSE,
278, PITT-STREET.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
FRESH ARRIVALS.
STYLE AND ELEGANCE.

THE ladies are once more respectfully invited to give an early call, they will then have an opportunity of procuring some of the most superb and elegant Dresses, Mantillas, Paletôts, &c., that have added grace to some of the distinguished and fashionable ladies among the NOBILITY OF ENGLAND.

The latest and best fashions will be sold at prices equally low with those of inferior shopkeepers, who too frequently palm off imitations of these goods to the unwary, as the genuine choice of the haut ton.

In acknowledging the approval of the public as to the manner of conducting a Cheap Establishment for the best goods, W. J. Dyer has pleasure in referring to the daily increase of his business, and returns his sincere thanks to those friends who have contributed towards his success.

A constant supply will be forwarded by every fresh arrival.

With reference to the above announcement of anticipated importations, the Proprietor begs to remark that, although he wishes to avoid presumptuous boasting or obtrusive pretensions to public favour, yet, calculating from the success of the past, he has reason to anticipate the most favourable results for the future; and, moreover, he entertains not the slightest doubt but that all his orders will arrive in due season, and that his customers will have reason to be satisfied with the selections chosen for their approval.

The following list of goods has been revised in price, and will be sold a shade lower than hitherto, in consequence of a recent very advantageous purchase.

The undersigned confidently trusts that all his OLD CUSTOMERS will be confirmed in the favourable impression made by their former purchases, and that every new customer will be induced for his own advantage to CALL AGAIN.

	s.	d.
6-4 gala plaids	1	4½
7-8 ditto ditto	0	11½
Fine alpaca lustres	0	11½
Satin striped ditto	1	0½
Damask camelion lustres	1	6½
Shaded alpacas	0	11½
Delaine dresses	5	9
Paisley shawls	8	6
Cashmere ditto	4	9
8-4 plain wool shawls	5	9
Embroidered llama ditto	5	10
5-4 Hoyle's plates, in all colours	0	7½
Liddiard's fancy ditto, ditto	0	4½
Print dresses	1	11
Earlston ginghams, fast colours	0	4½
Stout Scotch ditto, ditto	0	6½
10-4 white counterpanes	3	4½
Ditto, superior ditto	4	6
Ditto, best quality	5	7½
11-4 white counterpanes	3	9
Ditto superior ditto	5	4½
Ditto best quality	6	7½
12-4 White counterpanes	5	9
Ditto superior ditto	6	9
Ditto very superior	8	6
Ditto best quality	10	6
8-4 Witney blankets	5	9
9-4 Ditto ditto	6	6
10-4 Ditto ditto	8	6
11-4 Superior quality	12	6
12-4 Ditto ditto	14	6
12-4 Best quality	16	6
9-4 Diaper rugs	2	4½
10-4 Ditto ditto	2	10½
8-4 Grey sheeting	0	7
Ditto white ditto	0	10½
White calico	0	2½
Grey ditto	0	2½
Stout ditto, yard wide	0	3
Horrocks' longcloth	0	6
7-4 Damask	1	2½
8-4 Union ditto	1	7½
6-4 Linen damask	1	10½
8-4 Ditto	2	7½
10-4 Ditto	2	10½
A large variety of nursery and pinafore diapers, very cheap		
White satteen stays	2	3
French coutille ditto	4	9
Bonnet ribbons	0	6½
Gauze ditto	0	1½
Muslin collars	0	4½
Habit shirts, with collars	0	11½
Whisker blonde	0	1½
White and black cotton hose	0	5½
Men's brown and coloured half-hose	0	4½
Welsh flannel, all wool	0	11½
Stout cotton tick	0	4½
Ditto union ditto	0	7½
Ditto linen ditto	0	10½
Stout cotton check	0	3½
Stout huckaback towelling	0	5½
Ditto Union ditto	0	7½
Ditto linen ditto	0	9½
VISITES, PALETOTS, &c.		
Children's visites, linen and trimmed	2	10½
Maids' ditto, ditto	3	6
Tweed ditto, full size	7	10½
A splendid assortment of ladies' satin, glacé, watered, and plain gros de Naple visites, mantillas, &c., &c.		
Particular attention is requested to the stock of SHIRTS, consisting of—		
White longcloth shirts, linen fronts, collars, &c., from	1	11½
Gent's yacht ditto	2	3½
Good regatta ditto	1	6
Scotch twill ditto, stout and serviceable	1	11
Scotch ditto ditto, very stout	2	4½
Moleskin trousers	3	4½
Double stitched ditto ditto	5	7½
Men's cassinet vests	3	6
Ditto superior ditto	4	6
Gent's fancy Valentia ditto	4	6
Ditto satin ditto	5	9
Ditto superior ditto	6	6
Men's dark drill coats	5	10½
Ditto doeskin ditto	14	6
Ditto stout pilot ditto	14	6
Ditto tweed trousers	8	6
Ditto colonial ditto	10	6
Black cassimere ditto	11	6
Boys' and youths' trousers, coats, shirts, &c., &c., in endless variety.		
Boys' and youths' caps, leather peaks	2	9
Men's navy ditto, ditto	2	6
Ditto superior ditto	3	0

An elegant assortment of plain and fancy Tuscan and Dunstable Bonnets; also, a well assorted stock of Hosiery, Gloves, Lace, Ribbons, Haberdashery, &c., &c., &c.

W. J. DYER, Liverpool House, 278, Pitt-street. 1683

SALES BY AUCTION.

SHEET ZINC AND BEST COIL LINK CHAIN.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, At eleven o'clock,

One cask sheet zinc, 7 ft. by 2 ft. 8 in., No. 10
One ditto ditto ditto, 7 ft. by 2ft. 11 in., No. 11
One cask best coil link chain, each 5-16 ¼. 7-16, ½.

Terms at sale. 1677

IRON BEDSTEADS,
JUST LANDED, EX MOUNTAINEER.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25, At 11 o'clock,

25 ENGLISH-MADE IRON BEDSTEADS.

Terms at sale. 1679

TO IRONMONGERS, COUNTRY STORE KEEPERS, DEALERS, &c.

SIXTY-THREE PACKAGES OF WELL ASSORTED IRONMONGERY AND OTHER HARDWARE, BRUSHWARE, HABERDASHERY, &c.

FOR UNRESERVED SALE.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON Has been instructed to sell by Auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25, At 11 o'clock,

THE following well assorted Invoice of hardware, &c.

Camp ovens and covers, with extra covers
Foster's ribbed and strapped spades, assorted
Eye-tree spades assorted, shovels assorted
Wheat mills, with fly wheels
Kent hammers
Iron chest, rim, and plate locks
Drawback, till, tumbler, and patent locks
Padlocks, box latches
Italian irons
Assorted fire irons and brasses
Glass paper
Jews' harps
Assorted rules
Britannia metal and steel top thimbles
Ivory balance handle table cutlery
British plate forks and spoons
Britannia metal table and tea spoons
Shaping and other scissors
Brass tinder boxes
Pearl shirt, Florentine, pearl coat, and horn buttons
Gilt coat, white metal, bronzed, and bone ditto
Broom-heads, bannister, scrubbing, horse and shoe brushes
Wood shaving boxes
Brass pillar and chamber candlesticks
Steel and brass snuffers, japanned snuffer trays
Tooth, shaving and hair brushes
German shell combs, &c.

Terms at sale. 1673

SUPERIOR SHEFFIELD PLATED WARE, GOLD RINGS, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON TUESDAY, JULY 30, At 11 o'clock,

To close a consignment, and without reserve,

THE following silver mounted and Sheffield plated articles:—

Pillar candlesticks, 9 10, 10½ inch
Snuffers and trays, assorted patterns
Ground glass butter coolers, plated stands and covers
Chased antique waiters
A very handsome tea and coffee service
A pair of large branch candlesticks
Pierced and chased cake baskets
Elegant large kettle in stand, with spirit lamp complete
Four-cup tulip egg frame
Two pair handsome decanter stands
Chased and embossed teapot, and sugar basin, gilt inside
Gentlemen's signet, and ladies' coloured stone rings
Two bright gold guard chains

☞ The above are of the best quality, and manufactured for an eminent London retail establishment.

Terms at sale. 1680

NEW AND FASHIONABLE FINE GOLD JEWELLERY, SILVER ARTICLES, &c., &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON TUESDAY, JULY 30, At 11 o'clock,

A new and fashionable selection of Fine Gold Jewellery, &c., consisting of—

Brilliants, ruby, emerald pearl, &c; cluster, half-hoop, and single stone rings
Cameo, cornelian, coloured stone, onyx, box and glass, and other brooches
Guard and Albert chains
Spring, double, and single eye-glasses
Hair and onyx bracelets
Coloured gold bracelets and necklets
Gold everpoints and pens
Studs, pins, and buttons
Handsome lockets
An elegant ruby and pearl short suite, in case
Coral and onyx charms
Silver brooches, various designs
LADIES' COMPANIONS, NEW PATTERNS, COMPLETELY FITTED
Children's corals, handsomely mounted
Silver thimbles and everpoints
Silver guard chains
Silver-mounted penholders, a choice selection
Silver vinaigrettes
Gold-plated brooches, guard chains, &c.
Mourning brooches, bracelets, &c.

Also,

A variety of gilt and paste trinkets, and ornaments, suitable for the Fancy Ball.

Terms at sale. 1681

17 PACKAGES GLASS AND EARTHENWARE, JUST LANDED, EX SALSETTE.

FROM THE CELEBRATED HOUSE OF JAMES GREEN.

TO EARTHENWARE DEALERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction at his Rooms, 490, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25, At 11 o'clock precisely,

The following Goods, viz.:—

One hogshead glass, pressed tumblers, twisted sugars and butters, amber colour caraffs, round Gothic dishes, celery glasses, cut wine glasses, candlesticks, jugs, and toilette bottles, &c.
Two hogsheads pressed Manchester tumblers, sugar vases, creams, water bottles and tumblers fruit dishes, celeries, toilette bottles, candlesticks, cut wine glasses, salts
One cask earthenware, comprising flowing blue chamber sets, tea and breakfast sets
One ditto china, flowing blue tea and breakfast sets, chamber sets, jugs, and egg cups
One ditto china, flowing blue Kembia breakfast sets, chamber sets, jugs
One ditto blue stripe gold edge tea sets, chamber sets, black Egyptian, and blue pheasant
One ditto Dutch stripe flowing blue jugs and egg cups
Four casks dinner services, 3 sets in flowing blue each cask
Two ditto dinner sets, long sets
Four casks, each containing new japan enamelled tea and breakfast sets, each containing four sets.

Terms at sale. 1327

OFFICE WASHSTAND, EASY CHAIR, NEW BOOKS, VIOLIN, ACCORDEON, PICTURES, &c., &c.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 26, At 11 o'clock precisely,

One superior violin
One telescope
Office washstand
Easy chair
Accordeon, swing candle lamp, pictures, wax figures, chests

Also,

20 volumes Bentley's Magazine, new Monthly, Blackwood, Byron's Works, Wandering Jew, O'Donoghue, Jack Hinton, Wit and Humour, Scenes and Shadows, Dickens' Works, Scott's Works, Parlour Library, Albums, Scrap Books, and a variety of new works, &c.

Terms at sale. 1666

22 CERONS BEEF TALLOW.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25, At half-past 10 o'clock precisely,

22 Cerons Beef Tallow, about 6 tons.

Terms—Cash. 1621

DAMAGED DRAPERY GOODS.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, EX HOOGHLY, SPROUL, MASTER, FROM LONDON, BEING DAMAGED BY SEA WATER.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, 481, George-street,

ON FRIDAY, JULY 26, At 11 o'clock precisely,

LL
B ◊ 221—30 pieces 27-inch duck, much damaged
PN ◊ 242—50 Ditto 29-inch grey calico, ditto ditto
" ◊ 244—50 Ditto ditto ditto, ditto ditto
" ◊ 245—60 Ditto 33-inch ditto, slightly ditto
" ◊ 246—11 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 248—25 Ditto 36-inch ditto, slightly ditto
" 25 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 250—25 Ditto ditto ditto, slightly ditto
" 25 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 258—35 Ditto ditto white shirting, slightly ditto
" ◊ 267—4 Ditto ditto medium ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 268—8 Ditto ditto ditto, slightly ditto
" 11 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 272—25 Ditto 34 inch Swiss ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 273—30 Ditto ditto ditto, slightly ditto
" ◊ 275—8 Ditto ditto ditto, ditto ditto
" 16 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 276—5 Ditto 72-inch ditto Croydon's, slightly ditto
" 6 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 279—6 Ditto 80-inch ditto Wigans, slightly ditto
" ◊ 280—25 Ditto 34 inch ditto shirtings, ditto ditto
" 25 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 283—24 Ditto imitation Welsh flannels, much ditto
" ◊ 285—32 Ditto Lancashire flannel, ditto ditto
" ◊ 295—22 Ditto ¾ cotton tick, slightly ditto
" 20 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 302—30 Ditto 40-inch ginghams, ditto ditto
" ◊ 304—75 White counterpanes, ditto ditto
" ◊ 306—75 Ditto ditto, slightly ditto
" ◊ 307—50 Medium ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 312—3 Pieces ¾ drab moleskins, ditto ditto
" ◊ 322—50 Ditto 9-8 supers, slightly ditto
" ◊ 323—100 Ditto ditto ditto, much ditto
" ◊ 324—69 Ditto ditto ditto, ditto ditto
" ◊ 330—100 10-4 diaper rugs, slightly ditto
" ◊ 332—100 11-4 ditto ditto, ditto ditto
" ◊ 333—100 11-4 ditto ditto much ditto
" ◊ 340—11 Pieces 9-8 book-fold Sea Island shirting, ditto ditto.

Terms—Cash. 1622

UNRESERVED SALE
OF A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF PERFUMERY, SCENTED SOAPS, BRUSHWARE, COMBS, &c.

From the celebrated house of John Gosnell and Co.

MR. JAMES SIMMONS Has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Mart, Market-street East,

ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, JULY 31, At 11 o'clock precisely,

ONE CASE CONTAINING—Honey soap in tablets, honey-suckle ditto, scented verbenia ditto, family brown Windsor ditto, floating rose and verbenia in packets

One case containing—
Assorted essences, court bouquet
Lavender water, esprit of lavender
Shaving cream, Preston salts, tooth powder
Hair oil, hair wash, essence of roses
Jockey Club perfume

One case Brushware—
Hair brushes, No. 1 to 25 inclusive
Handled clothes brushes
Flesh, tooth, nail, shaving, and whisker brushes

One case containing—
Best sash tools, quill tools, ground painters' brushes
Dusters, stock brushes, horse brushes
Japanned hearth brushes, fancy ditto, gilt and tortoise
Japanned bannister, toilet, scrubbing, shoe and stove brushes

One case hair brooms, No. 1 to 8.

The above are all of the first quality, and well worthy the attention of the trade, as they will be positively sold

WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE.

Terms—Cash. 1690

TO CLOSE VARIOUS CONSIGNMENTS.

TO DEALERS IN EARTHENWARE, CUTLERS, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. JAMES SIMMONS Will sell by auction, at the Australian Mart, Market-street East,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 26, At 11 o'clock precisely, WITHOUT RESERVE,

FLOWING BLUE AND GOLD PUNCHBOWLS

Sets of jugs, babes and foresters, &c.
Plates and dishes, various
Flowing blue cans, toy mugs, and mustards
Plated mounted cruets, timepieces
Chimney ornaments
Pint and quart decanters
Double soled superior lasting shoes
1 Cask flat irons, assorted
Locks, scissors, penknives, choppers
Patent roan skins for harness
Superior razors with strops, in cases
Inlaid ditto ditto
Brooches, violin bows, box coffee mills
Bolts, candlesticks, trays
Shaving and nail brushes, razor strops
And a variety of other articles

Terms at sale. 1688

HORSES,
FROM THE STUD OF HENRY O'BRIEN, ESQ.

MR. ARMSTRONG will sell, ON FRIDAY NEXT, At Noon, AT HIS REPOSITORY,

A very superior lot of Horses, consisting of 16 geldings, from this celebrated stud. They are nearly pure blood, and bred expressly for the Indian market; Captain Apperley, H.E.I.C.S., having chosen the sire for Mr. O'Brien, as being the most suitable horse he could find in the colony to get stock for that particular market. They have small and handsome heads, good forelegs, and general good proportions, with all the appearance of high caste. They are docile, and well broken in to saddle, and though they have been kept on dry food for some time past, which has prepared them for shipment or immediate use, they are by no means made up for sale.

To Shippers to India this would form a favourable opportunity of commanding a good price on their arrival, as the late returns must go far in convincing them that Garrons are only profitable to shipowners who have substantial consignees to fall back on.

They are now at the Repository for inspection; and as Mr. O'Brien has only sent this lot to try the market, they will be positively sold without reserve. 1269

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.

July 24.—Christina, brig, 126 tons, Captain Koff, for Melbourne. Passengers—Rev. V. Bourgeois, Mr. Moate, Mr. and Mrs. M'Donald, Mr. John Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. Seary, Mr. James Solomon, Mr. J. Johnson.

July 24.—Jane, schooner, 29 tons, Captain Meadows, for Melbourne. Passenger—Mr. Balstron.

July 24.—Comet, schooner, 92 tons, Captain Cork, for Port Cooper. Passengers—Mrs. Cork and son.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Scotia, for Wellington; Mary Ann and Royal Sovereign, for the South Sea Islands.

Necessity is the Mother of Invention.—The late strike of the coal miners at Newcastle has caused vessels to be tugged by the steamers from Newcastle to Morpeth, to be loaded with coal. As coal is good, plenty, and cheap there, the foreign demand has greatly increased, and from the great many vessels now daily going slowly up and down the river with the tide merely, it would surely pay a steam tug well to run these and coal vessels quickly up from, and down to, the Heads of Newcastle, to and from Raymond Terrace, Hinton, and Morpeth, according as their destinations are up the Hunter, William, or Paterson rivers.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

July.		Sun rises	Sun sets	High water mor...	High water even.
25	THURSDAY	6 56	5 4	8 25	8 46

Last Quarter, 3·21 P.M. August 1.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

This Evening, July 25,

Will be presented the Opera, entitled MATILDA OF HUNGARY. Count Magnus, Mr. F. Howson; Prince Ottakar, Mr. Spencer; Count Ituritz, Mr. Willis; Count Oxfern, Mr. Arabin; George Podiebrad, Mr. J. Howson; Mathias, Mr. Rogers; Matilda of Hungary, Mrs. Guerin; Lilla, Mrs. Rogers; Clotilde, Mrs. Gibbs; Honora, Miss Hart. To conclude with a very laughable new Farce, entitled THE LAUGHING HYENA. Mr Felix Fumer, Mr. Hydes; Simon Hornblower, Mr. F. Howson; Mrs. Florence Fumer, Mrs. F. Willis; Popsey, Madame Torning.

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1850.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

THE COLONIAL REVENUE.

In noticing the Revenue Abstract for the quarter ended 31st March, we expressed surprise and regret at finding the account made up in the old form, instead of being framed in accordance with the new classification adopted from the commencement of the present year. We have now the gratification of finding that our complaint has not been disregarded, the Abstract for the past quarter having been arranged after the new and greatly improved model recommended by the Commissioners of Audit.

The General Revenue is no longer subdivided into sections, but is simply stated under the fourteen heads of receipt of which it is henceforth to consist. The Crown Revenue is stated as usual, except that the Collections by the Agent for the Clergy and School Estates are detached from the aggregate of the other items, and placed at the foot as something distinct from the Crown Revenue proper.

Another improvement is, that besides the Abstract for the quarter there is given a separate Abstract for the *half-year*; so that we have a complete view of the year's income between the 1st of January and the 30th of June. Let us first examine

The Quarter's Revenue.

General Revenue.

30th June,	1849	£68,455
	1850	74,688
Increase, being 9 per cent.		£6,233

Crown Revenue.

30th June	1849	£ 7,440
	1850	7,642
Increase, being 2·7 per cent..		£202

Total Receipts.

30th June	1849	£75,895
	1850	82,330
Increase, being 8·5 per cent..		£ 6,435

The several items of the *General Revenue* of last quarter, grouping together separately those showing an increase and those showing a decrease, as compared with the corresponding quarter of last year, are as under:—

		Increase.	Per cent.
Customs	£33 813	£3,765	12·5
Land Sales	988	448	83 0
Assessment on Stock	3,794	1,951	105 9
Auction Duty	708	19	2·8
Licenses	24,855	1,106	4 7
Fees of Office	3,319	1,275	62·4
Reimbursements,	486	136	38·8
		Decrease.	
Duty on Spirits distilled in the colony	£649	£434	40·0
Port and Harbour Dues	1,076	196	15·4
Rents, exclusive of Land	1,176	869	42·5
Postage	3,012	378	11·2
Fines and Forfeitures	673	19	2·7
Sale of Government Property,	120	227	65·6
Miscellaneous Receipts	19	342	95 8

It will be seen from these figures, that in nearly all the fixed and substantial sources of revenue, those which form an index to the commercial prosperity of the country, there has been a considerable increase; while the items of decrease consist chiefly of that class of receipts which must be looked upon rather as incidental contributions, than as permanent portions of the public income. The increase of upwards of twelve per cent. on the Customs, of more than sixty per cent. on the fees of office, and of more than a hundred per cent. on the assessment on stock, are most satisfactory proofs that the colony is doing well. The falling off in the revenue from postage is of course accounted for by the reduction in the rates of charge, and, under the circumstances, it is encouraging to find that the decrease has been no more than eleven per cent. The revenue from colonial distillation seems dwindling away to nothing.

Crown Revenue.

The principal items of the Crown Revenue for the past quarter are as follows:—

		Increase.	Per cent.
Land Sales	£2,840	£ 310	12·2
Quit Rents	1,020	161	18 7
Occupation Licenses	2,752	1,129	69·6
		Decrease.	
Clergy and School Estates	885	1,433	61·8

Here also are very striking augmentations; while the declension of the collections from the Clergy and School Estates is still more striking, and calls for explanation. When are the mysteries of these estates to be laid bare to the public?

The Half-year's Revenue.

Our examination of the Abstract for the Half-year need not be so minute. Its aggregates were as under:—

General Revenue.

30th June,	1849	£128,162
	1850	137,720
Increase, being 7·5 per cent		£ 9,558

Crown Revenue.

30th June,	1849	£ 16,697
	1850	18,179
Increase, being 8·8 per cent.		£ 1,482

Total Receipts.

30th June,	1849	£144,859
	1850	155,900
Increase, being 7 6 per cent.		£ 11,041

As in the quarter, so in the half-year, the increase has occurred chiefly in the regular branches of revenue proper, and the decrease chiefly in the items of receipt.

ELECTION OF DR. LANG.

Dr. Lang has been elected one of the representatives of Sydney by a majority of fifty-six votes. This blot on the character of the city has been in some degree caused by dissatisfaction at Mr. Holden's views on the transportation question, but chiefly by the apathy of a large number of voters. The Electoral lists contain 3902 names; the number of votes polled was 1918, or less than one-half. Making liberal allowances for deaths, removals, double enrolments, &c., there were at least fifteen hundred voters who would not take the trouble to vote, evidently forgetful of the great principle that the exercise of the franchise is a duty as well as a privilege. We fear this election will do us much harm in the eyes of our friends both in the neighbouring colonies and in England, where the conduct of Dr. Lang is duly appreciated.

COUNCIL PAPERS.

ABANDONMENT OF THE SETTLEMENT OF PORT ESSINGTON.

No. 1.

Copy of a Despatch from the Right Honorable Earl Grey to Governor Sir C. A. Fitz Roy. No. 92.

Downing-street, 10th June, 1849.

Sir,—I herewith transmit for your information copies of a correspondence which has passed between this department and the Board of Admiralty, relative to the question of abandoning the settlement of Port Essington, and transferring it to the vicinity of Cape York. From these papers you will perceive the reasons which have led her Majesty's Government to the conclusion that there are not sufficient grounds for continuing to put the country to the expense of maintaining the post at Port Essington, which has never yet realised the advantages expected from its formation.

You will further perceive that it is not in contemplation to take any steps at present for establishing a settlement at Cape York.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
GREY.

Governor Sir C. A. Fitz Roy, &c.,
New South Wales.

[Enclosures to the foregoing Despatch].
[Enclosure 1 in No. 1].

(Copy).

Admiralty, 4th April, 1849.

Sir,—I am commanded by my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to send you herewith, for the information of Earl Grey, the gross statement of expenses incurred on account of the settlement at Port Essington, since the 18th January, 1848, amounting to £1763 1s. 3d., as requested in your letter of the 9th of January last, and I am to acquaint you that a detailed statement will be forwarded as soon as possible.

I have, &c.
H. G. WARD.

H. Merivale, Esq.

[Enclosure 2 in No. 1.]

(Copy.)

Downing-street, 21st April, 1849.

Sir,—1. I am directed by Earl Grey to acknowledge your letter of the 4th instant, accompanied by a statement of expenses incurred on account of the settlement at Port Essington since the 18th of January, 1848, so far as the same can at present be ascertained, amounting to £1763 1s. 3d., and I am to acquaint you that Lord Grey will cause an estimate for this sum to be prepared and submitted to Parliament.

2. I am at the same time to request that you will acquaint the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty that Lord Grey's serious attention has been attracted by the large amount which for several years past this settlement has cost the country, without, so far as his Lordship is informed, any commensurate advantage either in the way of relief or assistance to shipping or by the creation of new branches of commerce. He finds that the votes required from Parliament for Port Essington in the last five years, including the sum now to be asked for, amount to £16,021, being at the average rate of £3204 per annum. Such being the expenditure, Lord Grey has been led to refer to the past correspondence in order to see what benefits had been experienced or might still be expected from the post maintained at this station.

3. The advantages which were chiefly looked to when the settlement was renewed in 1838, appear to have been chiefly as follows:—1st, the excellence of the harbour; 2ndly, the probability of visits from the numerous ships which proceed from Australia to India and the China Seas; 3rdly, relief to the crews of vessels wrecked in Torres Straits; 4thly, the prospect of a trade with the Malays, who visit the adjacent coast to fish for trepang; and 5thly, perhaps the chance that this station might become useful for a Coaling Depôt for steamers.

4. In the course of 1846 the Commissioners of Emigration were instructed by the Secretary of State to see Officers who had returned from Port Essington, and to make various inquiries concerning it; and from a Report which they made early in the following year, and of which I shall proceed to state the substance, Lord Grey apprehends that there can be no doubt that in most respects the settlement had fallen short of the expectations entertained of it.

5. The port was admitted to afford a fine harbour when ships were in it, but the inlet was described as extending too far from the coast to be convenient for practical purposes. The settlement is represented to be seventeen miles from the entrance, and it is stated that outside there is a shoal which is dangerous for strangers.

6. The resort which was expected of transient ships has not occurred. They pass this place at too moderate an interval after leaving Sydney to need to call for refreshments; and masters of vessels appear unwilling to go out of the way to look into a port where neither cargo is to be obtained, nor intelligence.

7. With regard to the object which was so prominently put forward, of affording a place of relief for the crews of ships wrecked in Torres Straits, the situation of Port Essington supplies a conclusive answer to this supposed advantage. The Commissioners remark that it is at least 700 miles off, across a stormy sea, from the reef where the wrecks usually occur.

8. No such traffic as was expected with the Malays has arisen; and although at one time it was argued that this was because the Government had not afforded merchants an opportunity of obtaining sites to establish themselves, yet when greater facilities for procuring land were afterwards afforded, the result remained the same. In fact, the Commissioners state that, from what they heard from some of the most intelligent of the officers who favoured them with information, it would appear that the Malays have little to bring which does not find its way easily and in abundance to the regular and established marts in the China Seas.

9. When these different advantages failed, or were found to exist in much less degree than was expected, the idea was suggested that the settlement might be made available for the growth of some of the valuable tropical products, such as cotton. That cotton may be grown there is very possible: but the practical question must be, whether it can be grown in that abundance, and of that quality and price, that it can compete with the established sources of supply for this article. Lord Grey has not found any such evidence of the probability of this result as would justify Government in continuing to maintain this settlement at a heavy expense, if there should be no other reason to render the measure proper.

10. The only remaining question, therefore, is, whether this post is likely to be wanted as a coaling depôt. When the Commissioners made their report in 1847, it was judged premature to contemplate the abandonment of the station until it could be more distinctly ascertained whether it might become of use in the steam communication, by way of Torres Straits, which might be expected to arise between Australia and Singapore. But a Company having now been formed expressly for that object, I am desired by Earl Grey to state that he has enquired of the Manager whether it would fall within their objects to touch at Port Essington, and I enclose a copy of the letter addressed to that gentleman, and of his reply, by which you will perceive that the steamers are not intended to call at Port Essington, and that it would add considerably to their distance to touch there, but that it is proposed that they should call at Cape York where the Company will have a coaling establishment.

11. Under these circumstances, I am to state that Lord Grey cannot consider that there are sufficient motives for any longer maintaining the establishment at Port Essington, at a cost for which he does not perceive that any equivalent benefit is derived, and I am to request that you will favour me with the opinion of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty on the most convenient way in which arrangements may be made for withdrawing the officer and marines at present stationed at that place.

12. I am further desired to take the same opportunity of enclosing for their Lordships' information the accompanying copy of a despatch from Sir George Gipps, pointing out the reasons in favour of placing a small fort at Cape York, a position of which Lord Grey believes that Sir Gordon Bremer, and Captain Blackwood, and other officers of Her Majesty's Navy, have at different times suggested the occupation, and I am to state, that Lord Grey would be very glad to be favoured with their Lordships' opinion on the expediency of at present carrying that measure into execution. If it be adopted, Lord Grey apprehends that the most convenient force to place there would consist of a detachment of marines, but I am to request to be informed whether a smaller party might not suffice for the purpose than is employed at Port Essington.

I have, &c.,
H. MERIVALE.

H. G. Ward, Esq.

[Sub-Enclosure 1 to Enclosure 2.]
(Copy.)

Downing-street,
15th February, 1849.

Sir,—I am directed by Earl Grey to request you will acquaint me whether in the plan for the branch communication between Singapore and Sydney by steam, it is part of the scheme that there should be any depôt for coals at Port Essington or whether for any other reason it is anticipated that it will be of any importance to the steamers, that there should continue to be an establishment there, at which they can call on their passage to or from China.

I am further to request that you will acquaint me whether the India and Australia Mail Steam Packet Company have any view to making use of Cape York, if a suitable depôt for coals or other purposes should be established there.

I am, &c.,
B. HAWES.

J. Yates, Esq.

[Sub-Enclosure 2 to Enclosure 2.]
(Copy.)

India and Australia Mail Steam Packet Company, 63, Cornhill.
25th February, 1849.

Sir,—In reply to your letter of the 15th instant, requesting me to inform you "whether, in the plan for the branch communication between Singapore and Sydney by steam, it is part of the scheme that there should be a depôt for coals at Port Esigton, or whether, for any other reason, it is anticipated that it will be of any importance to the steamers, that there should continue to be an establishment there, at which they can call in their passage to or from China."

I am desired to inform you that, as Port Essington lies considerably out of the proposed route of this Company, they do not intend making it either a port of call, or a coaling station, as the additional distance to be traversed for that purpose would far outweigh any advantages to be derived from doing so; nevertheless, if it should be the desire of her Majesty's Government that they should call at that port, the Company will be willing to do so upon receiving a remuneration for the additional distance to be run.

With reference to the latter part of your question, I am desired to say, that our present knowledge of the value or capabilities of Port Essington is so imperfect, that we are unable to give any opinion as to the desirableness of continuing an establishment there.

With reference also to your enquiry, as to "whether the India and Australia Mail Steam Packet Company have any view to making use of Cape York, if a suitable depôt for coals or other purposes should be established there?" I beg to inform you that it is their intention to make use of Cape York for the convenience suggested, and that it is also their intention to apply to Lord Grey for a grant of land for that purpose.

In making their arrangements at Cape York, it will form part of their plan, to keep such a stock of coals on hand at that station, as will enable them, in case of emergency, to furnish any of Her Majesty's steamers requiring a supply in that quarter.

I have, &c.,
JOHN YATES,
Secretary.

B. Hawes, Esq., M.P., &c.

[Encloser 3 in No. 1.]
(Copy.)

Admiralty, 14th May, 1849.

Sir,—I have received and laid before my Lords Commissioners your letter of the 21st of April last, on the subject of the abandonment of the settlement at Port Essington, and in return I am commanded by their Lordships to send you herewith for the information of Earl Grey, copies of letters from Captain Blackwood, of the 3rd instant, from Captain Sir J. J. G. Bremer, of the 23rd ultimo, and an extract of one from Captain O. Stanley, of Her Majesty's ship Rattlesnake, dated the 31st of October last, with a copy of a memorandum from their Lordships' Hydrographer on the subject, and I am to request you will inform Lord Grey that my Lords concur in the view taken by His Lordship that the locality of Cape York is a better site for the settlement, but would suggest that it should be removed to Albany Island; and my Lords would wish for further information as to the views of Earl Grey, in order that they may give such directions as may be required.

I am, &c.,
W. A. B. HAMILTON.

Herman Merivale, Esq.

[Sub-enclosure 1 to enclosure 3.]
(Copy.)

H.M.S. Victory, May 3, 1849.

Sir,—In compliance with your wishes I beg to give you the information you require regarding Port Essington, and my opinion as to the eligibility of a settlement in Torres Straits.

I do not think that any person visiting the north coast of Australia, and acquainted with the adjoining seas, would long hesitate in considering the neighbourhood of Cape York, in Torres Straits, to be the most eligible situation for a military post or for a commercial settlement. It has always appeared to me that Port Essington was ill-chosen, either for trade or as a post of protection in war time, and being nearly 700 miles distant from Torres Straits, is quite out of the way of affording assistance to shipwrecked crews; it is besides at times unhealthy, and affords no one advantage that I could ever find out—having also failed in drawing any trade whatever from the Islands of the Indian Seas, as was expected at the time of the party being left there. There are several good and secure anchorages in the neighbourhood of Cape York, a very fair supply of fresh water, and many localities where a good fort or blockhouse might completely protect a small settlement; from its position it is the keystone to Torres Straits, through which, in the course of a few years, a vast amount of shipping may be expected to pass, and where, in the event of war, (unless we had a port in the Straits) the enemies' privateers might harass our merchant trade. I cannot, therefore, too strongly recommend a port being formed there, which port ought I should conceive, to be further assisted by the use of a small vessel of war, ten or fifteen tons burthen, which would be invaluable in assisting ships wrecked or grounded in the neighbourhood, and with a person on board acquainted with Torres Straits and its dangers, who would be competent to pilot vessels through. The expense of such a vessel would be speedily repaid by the Pilotage, which would be cheerfully paid by all ships availing themselves of her services.

I do not think that a party of much less than fifty men could well be left there, but with that number, and the experience and tried ability of the present Commandant of Port Essington, viz., Captain M'Arthur, I believe that both the best spot would be chosen, and the best guarantee given for the work being well done when chosen, and from his long acquaintance with the natives of these coasts, there would be little fear of any hostile collision taking place.

I must here draw your attention to the fact of Captain M'Arthur's son having had, for four or five years, charge of a very considerable quantity of stores at Port Essington, and of having done the duty of storekeeper there without any emolument, and he is a very trustworthy and excellent young man, and merits that their Lordships should in some way reward him. He is now in no situation, and would, in my opinion, well fulfil the duty of clerk in charge of the New Settlement, if their Lordships should think fit to appoint him.

I think that the above Report will be satisfactory.

I have, &c.,
F. BLACKWOOD.

Rear-Admiral Dundas,

[Sub-Enclosure 2 to Enclosure 3.]
(Copy.)

Compton, 13th April, 1849.

My dear Friend,—I cannot answer your questions regarding Cape York as fully as I could wish, my survey of it being very cursory, although I took formal possession and hoisted the colours on it. What I did see gave me a very unfavourable opinion of it; I could not find anything in the form of a harbour, and the anchorage I considered to be bad, being subject to strong tides and overfalls. We let go our anchor in nine fathoms on the west side of the Cape, and before we had veered to seventy fathoms we were in three fathoms, and the ship as nearly on shore as possible. It did not appear to me to possess any one advantage as a settlement, especially a steam one, where vessels after a very long voyage may sometimes require extensive repairs. Subsequent examination may however have discovered greater capabilities. I regret that Port Essington is again in danger, and I wish I could have induced a larger share of attention towards it. It is, in my estimation, one of the finest harbours in the world, a line battle ship may lie within two cables' lengths of Point Record, and in truth might be hove down there. The rise and fall of the tide—15 feet—would enable a large steamer to be docked, if a dock were made. The ground for many miles around is nearly cleared; stores, batteries, barracks, and roads are complete; in short it seems to me to be as it were ready made for a depôt. I am aware that it may be urged that Cape York is 600 miles nearer to Sydney, but I would reply that as they are both situated in the heart of the strongest Monsoon, there is a fair wind each way for six months in the year; and as canvass is now so much and so constantly used to save fuel, I confidently think that this compensates for the increase of distance, especially when we look at the resources already at hand, and the capabilities of a noble port. Nor should we disregord the position of Port Essington as a British Settlement, within an easy distance of the rich island of Timor, and those islands lying within 180 or 200 miles (Kissa, Moa &c.,) abounding in resources; Java, Banda, Amboyna, and Macassar, not more than 400 miles off. It seems to form a sort of centre to a most valuable commercial circle; and I have no hesitation in expressing my firm belief that the establishment of a depôt there will be followed by a tide of mercantile adventure of a most profitable character. Contrast this with Cape York, situate as it is in the close vicinity of the most savage portion of New Guinea, and of islands whose inhabitants are known to be murderers and half cannibals. (The Charles Eaton and other ships wrecked there proving this.) If therefore we go there, it will in common prudence, be necessary to have a considerable force, and we shall also again have to undergo the labour and anxiety and probable sickness attending on the formation of a new settlement in a tropic land. I see I have omitted to notice your question as to fresh water at Cape York. If I remember rightly we did not find any in the immediate vicinity, but I have no doubt it may be found by digging, as is the case in most parts of the north coast of Australia; at Port Essington it is most abundantly found by that means.

I have now essayed to answer your note, as to its bearing on Cape York, and I will conclude by saying that if I had weight in the matter, I would devote my whole attention to Port Essington, which, from its noble harbour, its forward state, its resources and capabilities, as well as its geographical position, I regard as among the first sites for a British settlement I have ever seen.

Ever, my dear friend, &c.,
GORDON BREMER.

Rear Admiral Dundas, &c.

[Sub-Enclosure 3 to Enclosure 3.]
(Copy.

Extract of a letter from Captain O. Stanley, of H.M.S. Rattlesnake, dated 31st October, 1848.

Since our arrival here a survey has been made of Evans Bay, Albany Island, and the passage between it and the main land. Evans Bay appears to be well adapted for an anchorage, should a settlement ever be formed near Cape York, as it is completely sheltered from the south east, which is the prevailing wind during the seasons that vessels pass through Torres Straits; and an abundant supply of fresh water may always be obtained.

Between Albany Island and the main land there is a safe channel, with good anchorage, but not very convenient for sailing vessels, on account of the strength of the tide; but a bay on the western side of Albany Island would form an admirable place for a coal depôt for steamers, as there is a sufficient depth of water close in shore for vessels to warp in out of the influence of the tide, and wharves might be constructed with very little trouble or expense, as abundance of timber and sandstone of good quality may be procured on the spot.

In the event of a settlement being formed at Cape York, a signal station on Horned Hill would effectually command the entrance into Torres Straits, as no vessels could pass either way without being seen from thence.

[Sub-Enclosure 4 to Enclosure 3.]
(Copy.)

Memorandum.

CAPE YORK, AUSTRALIA.

Whatever may be said for or against the retention of Port Essington, there can be no question about the propriety, or rather the necessity of the immediate occupation of Cape York. There are some excellent remarks on the usefulness of its position in Captain Blackwood's letter of May 3rd, 1849, and in a very clever letter written by Mr. Jukes, in October, 1845, and transmitted by Sir George Gipps to the Colonial Office. Both are among the enclosed papers.

The most advantageous method that can be pursued will be by forming a small settlement on Albany Island, which is just outside of the Cape, and which possesses a good harbour with free access. A look-out house on the Cape would communicate by signals the approach of vessels, either in distress or in want of pilots or coals, &c. Captain Stanley gives a satisfactory account of the island, of which a copy is annexed.

With respect to Port Essington, there can be no reasonable doubt that if it had been at once opened to the enterprise of our merchants, it would, ere now, have been in a thriving state, unless all the statements made by Sir Gordon Bremer to their Lordships, and all the facts published by Mr. William Earl are utter fallacies. If, however, Cape York is to be now settled, the most obvious and simple method will be, by transferring the whole party of Marines there from Port Essington, and that party will not be too large in the first instance, whatever may be thought sufficient for its ultimate establishment. The Peninsula of Port Essington might perhaps be chosen for a penal settlement, or if not, it might well be left till the tide of population swelled by immigrants, should spread in that direction, were it not for the danger of some other nation, French or American, or the Dutch from the neighbouring islands, taking possession of a coast which we should then have for the second time abandoned—the consequences of which might cost us more than keeping up a dozen useless settlements.

F. BEAUFORT.

May 12th, 1849.

No 2.

Copy of a Letter from H. Merivale, Esq., to Captain Hamilton.

Downing street, 6th June, 1849.

Sir,—I have laid before Earl Grey your letter of the 14th instant, with its various enclosures, relative to the question of breaking up the Settlement of Port Essington, and the further project of removing the establishment from that post to the vicinity of Cape York; and I am to request that you will acquaint the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that Lord Grey is of opinion that immediate measures should be taken for the breaking up the establishment at the former place, but that his Lordship is not at present prepared to recommend incurring the expense of establishing and maintaining a Settlement at Cape York. That is a measure which future circumstances may render necessary, although the immediate advantages are not sufficiently apparent to render its adoption at present expedient.

I have, &c.,
H. MERIVALE.

Captain Hamilton, &c.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT—Wednesday.

Insolvent Court.

Before their Honors the three Judges.

The Chief Commissioner moved, that the certificates granted to the following persons by him should be confirmed, viz., to Peter Klees and Thomas Eyre Ellis. Granted.

IN THE ESTATE OF ROBERT APPLEYARD FITZGERALD.

The Chief Commissioner reported that he had refused the above insolvent his certificate, on the ground that he had unlawfully expended or appropriated to his own use funds or property of the Messrs. Byrnes, he at the time having the disposition of the said property as an agent only. The Messrs. Byrnes, it appeared, had made consignments to the insolvent to dispose of amongst the South Sea Islands, upon the understanding that he was to sell the same for cash and remit the proceeds; for his trouble he was to receive a commission. He, in accordance with this understanding, or agreement, (which was by parol only), did remit the proceeds of some of these consignments, but of the last he failed to do so; he speculated with the proceeds, and unfortunately lost the whole of them. The last remittance he ought to have made was in amount about £400. The insolvent had been a merchant in New Zealand and traded from thence to the islands. He commenced business in 1847, with a borrowed capital, and two years afterwards his debts were £2000. The insolvent against his debts, however, said one Williams owed him £1600; but for which he had nothing in writing to show.

Mr. Smyth appeared for the insolvent, who had appealed against this decision. It was contended that there was no evidence given in the Court below that would warrant the very severe punishment that had been passed upon him, but that on the contrary, it would appear that if the insolvent ought to be punished at all, a much milder one, viz., a suspension of his certificate for some short period would fully meet the justice of the case. It was denied, that throughout any part of the dealings the insolvent had with the Messrs. Byrnes, the former had been guilty of any fraud. That there was no fraud nor wilful appropriation of the principal's money, the fact was relied on, that when the insolvent found that the consignments expected from the Messrs. Byrnes would not pay, he wrote to them, saying not to send any more, as there was not a profitable market. Had he, it was said, wished wilfully to appropriate these expected consignments, he might easily have done so. It might be that the insolvent was to sell Byrnes' goods for cash, but it was denied that it appeared in evidence that he was to remit in cash. The learned counsel said his client was extremely anxious that the charge made against him by the Commissioner, that he had been guilty of want of good faith or fraud should be removed. The whole transactions, when minutely observed, would only show that he had been unfortunate, but certainly not that he had acted fraudulently. If the dealings of this insolvent were to be held to come within the very stringent portion of the 18th clause of the Insolvent Act, few or none of the merchants of this colony, did they happen to get into difficulties, and being consignees of parties at home, would ever get their certificates.

No one appeared for the respondents.

His Honor the Chief Justice delivered the judgment of the Court. After having commented upon the able manner in which the case for the appellant had been conducted, his Honor said, they (their Honors) had talked over the numerous arguments offered on behalf of the insolvent, and had come to the unanimous opinion that the insolvent in the transactions relied on against him had not been guilty of any intentional fraud or recklessness, certainly there was no evidence to support the opinion of recklessness; he may have been induced to enter deeper into speculation than he was warranted under the circumstances perhaps with a view to support his family, and perhaps finally with a hope to pay off his creditors in full. However, making these concessions, the Court was of opinion that the decision of the Court below ought to be confirmed. The case came within the first portion of the 18th section of the Act relied on; that being so, the Court could not alter the punishment, as the Commissioner in that case had no discretion. It might have been different with the Court had the case come under the second or third portion of the same clause. The case was, in effect, one of agency, and where the agent had misappropriated the the funds of his employer. The Legislature clearly intended a person so situated, if he misapplied his principal's money, should be severely punished. It could not be too often laid down from the Bench, that an agent selling for his principal, under instructions as to remitting proceeds, &c., could not too faithfully or too circumspectly follow up his instructions to the very letter. If he should trade or deal with the proceeds, he should at any rate do so under such circumstances that he can obey, at a moment's notice, the call of his principal to pay. The contrary position could not be supported on any legal grounds, nor warranted by any usage. His Honor again having alluded to some of the insolvent's speculations which he could not but call injudicious, said the Court were clearly of opinion, on the evidence, that the insolvent had unlawfully appropriated the money of the Messrs. Byrnes, and for this reason, and that the Court had no discretion in the matter, for the reason aforesaid, the judgment of the Court below ought to be confirmed.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

MEETINGS TO-DAY.

In the estate of Henry Terry Sheldon, a special meeting, to release the trustees, at half-past 10 o'clock.

In the estate of Thomas Marrs and William Hipkins, certificate meetings, at noon.

CITY ELECTION.

The following was the result of the poll as declared by the Mayor from the Town Hall yesterday afternoon:—

BOURKE WARD.	
Lang	131
Holden	170
GIPPS WARD.	
Lang	145
Holden	165
MACQUARIE WARD.	
Lang	147
Holden	156
COOK WARD.	
Lang	181
Holden	107
PHILLIP WARD.	
Lang	204
Holden	214
BRISBANE WARD.	
Lang	179
Holden	119
Totals.	
Lang	987
Holden	931
Majority for Lang	56

We append a statement showing the gross number of voters in each Ward, and the number who actually voted.

	Gross number of Voters.	Number of persons who actually voted.
Bourke Ward	621	301
Gipps Ward	470	310
Brisbane Ward	720	298
Macquarie Ward	590	303
Phillip Ward	804	418
Cook Ward	697	288
	3902	1918

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. R. Fawcett.—At his Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, 22 cerons Beef Tallow.

Mr. J. G. Cohen.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Glass and Earthenware.

Mr. S. Lyons.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Papier Mâché Articles, Steel Pens, Spectacles, Plated Wares, Hardware, Guns, Saddlery, Hollowware, &c.

Messrs. Mort and Brown.—At their Stores, at 11 o'clock, Wool, Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins; at their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Books; also, Lard.

Mr. J. Rickards.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Drapery Goods, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Blankets, Flannels, &c.; also, Damaged Print.

Mr. E. Salamon.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Hardware, Ironmongery, Iron Bedsteads, Sheet Zinc, Coil Link Chain.

Messrs. Pickering and Lucas.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Unredeemed Pledges and General Merchandise.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

(From late Australasian Papers.)

Mr. Mollison has proposed the establishment of a company at Port Phillip, for the purpose of importing merino rams, in order that there may be a thorough change of blood, in the hope of diminishing the chances of sheep having catarrh.—The *Portland Guardian* states that Captain Stanley Carr, who had just paid a visit to Portland, contemplates the establishment of a German village in that vicinity. The same authority mentions that Captain Carr had purchased the station of Messrs. Eimes and Lang in the Portland District.—The quantity of seed for wheat crops put into the ground at the Barrabool Hills this season, exceeds by several hundred acres that sown during the last.—The *Hobart Town Advertiser* reports the arrival of the first cargo of Schouten Island coal, which is said to be little inferior in quality to that of Sydney.—Sixty-nine horses were shipped at Hobart Town for Calcutta by the Troubadour. —Lieutenant Walker, R.N., had been appointed harbour master at Launceston in the room of Captain Bateman, resigned.—A boy, twelve years of age, accidentally shot himself at Encounter Bay, whilst loading a gun. The charge, which consisted of powder only and a few grains of granite, entered the front of the neck and divided the carotid artery.—The office of the Superintendent of Bridges at Melbourne was recently destroyed by fire under circumstances that leave little doubt it was wilfully set fire to: a great many valuable plans and papers were destroyed.—An "Illustrated Magazine" is about to be published at Melbourne.

Police Office.—Mr. Day was the only sitting magistrate yesterday at this Court, the Mayor being engaged at one of the polling places. The roster for the day contains the names of Mr. Ramsay, Mr. Stirling (Inspector of Distilleries), and Mr. Smart.

Stealing Money.—Catherine Williams was yesterday brought before Mr. Day, charged by Henry Nutting with having stolen from his person £5 10s. in money. The prosecutor deposed that on leaving the Theatre on Tuesday night he met with the prisoner, who asked him to treat her; nothing loth, he took her to an oyster-shop, and from thence accompanied her to a house in Abercrombie-place, kept by a person named Barnett; after being there a short time he was about to go away, when the prisoner put her hand into his trousers pocket, and drew from thence a purse containing five £1 notes and some silver, at least 10s. She had seen that he had money, he having taken out a note to pay the reckoning at the oyster-shop. Having possessed herself of his purse, the prisoner ran out of the house at the back door, he after her, but failing to overtake her he related his misfortune to Constable Toole, who went with him to Barnett's, where they ascertained the prisoner's name and place of abode. Proceeding thither, they found her in bed, whence she was taken to the watch-house. His Worship committed her to take her trial at the Quarter Sessions.

Charge of Street Robbery.—Between 10 and 11 o'clock on Tuesday night, a seaman named Pierre Collan, gave a cabman named Meek into the custody of constable Dolan, on a charge of having attempted to rob him of his coat. In detailing the circumstances which induced him to give the prisoner in charge, the prosecutor said that he was at the corner of George-street and Bathurst-street about 10 o'clock, on his way to the Flour Company's Wharf, where his vessel, the Bandicoot, was lying, when the prisoner came up to him, and wished him to sell his jacket, and on refusing to do so, having money enough in his pocket, he told him if he did not sell it he would "lose the run of it" before he reached his ship; he then wanted to fight the deponent, laid hold of his coat, and pushed him about. He thought prisoner wanted to steal his coat, and gave him into custody to the first policeman he met. Mr. Day said there was nothing in all that to show that the prisoner had any design of robbing the prosecutor, and he would therefore discharge him from custody; at the same time, however, a man guilty of such conduct as that described did not appear to him to be deserving of a license to drive a cab. The circumstances should be represented to the authorities in whom was vested the regulation of licensed drivers of hackney carriages.

Servants.—In the Bill before the Legislative Council, intituled, "A Bill to regulate contracts between masters and servants," the term "servant" is interpreted to mean "all agricultural and other labourers, shepherds, stockmen, watchmen, grooms, domestic servants, artificers, journeymen handicraftsmen, gardeners, vinedressers, splitters, fencers, shearers, sheep washers, reapers, mowers, haymakers, hired and engaged in this colony, either by verbal or written contract; and all persons engaged in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the British East India possessions, or in foreign countries, by indentures, or other written agreement to serve in this colony in any of the capacities aforesaid."

Books.—The attention of the public is particularly directed to the Book sale of Messrs. Mort and Brown, which commences this day, at eleven o'clock, at their rooms.—Communicated.

Pocket-Picking.—A Mr. Narnham, a recent arrival in the colony, while in the theatre, on Tuesday evening, was relieved of a purse, containing about 50 shillings, by one or other of the light fingered fraternity.

The ironmongery trade and dealers generally are reminded of the sale of well assorted hardware, at the Rooms of Mr. Salamon, this day, for particulars of which see advertisement.—Communicated.

New Goods, ex Mary Ann.—Mr. Lyons requests the attention of stationers, silversmiths, ironmongers, hardwaremen, saddlers, coachbuilders, dealers, and shippers to his extensive sale of 93 packages (just arrived), containing a new assorted consignment of articles direct from the English manufacturers, and which will commence, at his Mart, at eleven o'clock precisely, this day: vide advertisement.—Communicated.

We are requested to direct attention to John G. Cohen's sale, this day, at his Rooms, of earthenware and glass, being a new assortment of domestic articles; the whole without reserve. Terms, liberal. Sale to commence at eleven o'clock precisely.—Communicated.

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our Correspondents.)

CAMPBELLTOWN.

Destruction by Fire.—On Saturday, the 20th instant, this neighbourhood was thrown into great consternation in the stillest watch of night by an alarm of "fire," which was found to emanate from the premises belonging to Mr. M'Quade, in this town, and temporarily used by Mr. Hurley; at first, smoke was observed issuing through the roof by an inmate of Mr. Hurley's hotel, and scarcely had time transpired for reporting the fact before columns of flames burst through the roof with such amazing rapidity, that all efforts to extinguish the raging element proved unavailing. A large concourse of persons were immediately in attendance, and used every possible means to save the adjoining premises, Hurley's hotel, by covering the roofs with wet blankets, which fortunately succeeded in preserving the property uninjured; in the course of two hours the flames were at their height, and the roof and front of the house fell to the ground with an awful crash. How or why this conflagration was occasioned is mysterious; no one inhabits the premises, and none had a right of access thereto after dark, and it puzzles the inhabitants to conjecture that ill-feeling should have actuated any one to such a diabolical act of incendiarism towards one who is very generally esteemed; but strange to state, this is the second catastrophe of the same kind which has endangered his premises that has taken place within the last six months. Rumour states that it is in contemplation to raise a formidable subscription, as a reward to prevent a repetition of these disasters.

WOLLOMBI.

July 19.—The last month, and until the eighth day of the present one, has been unusually favourable for agricultural operations, there having been occasional falls of rain, and the weather mild for the season; frost then set in and continued until Monday last. Since then masses of heavy clouds, and a south and south-east wind have been portentous of rain, which has fallen in occasional showers during the two past nights and this morning, but the quantity trifling. Patches of early sown wheat had to be cut, and have afforded a small supply of green food for cattle; but from the drought in the beginning of the year very little land was sown early. The settlers have been unusually busy from the end of May, and still so continue, wheat sowing not having yet terminated. The breadth of land sown is considerable, but not to such an extent as last year. The wheat generally has a healthy appearance, and if the remainder of the season continues favourable there is well grounded hope of a good crop. The earth has seldom been in a better state to prepare for the main crop, being saturated to the depth of from twelve to eighteen inches; but the water-holes have been little benefitted, their increase not exceeding two or three inches. If the frost should now have terminated we may calculate on an early and rapid spring, and thus even with the late sowing it may not be a late harvest, and with ample return to the husbandman.

LOWER HUNTER.

The Weather.—From the late growing warm rains much of the early wheat on the Lower Hunter has become so rank that many have considered it prudent to cut and eat it down. It now rains heavy, and the creeks are flowing for the first time now nearly these two years; it is feared that much growing wheat in the low lands will be damaged.

There never was before so much sown as there has been this season.

PICTON.

This district is crying out with other parts of the colony for an increase of police protection. A memorial has been signed, and addressed to the Governor, and another to the Council, on the subject. Our district is 800 square miles in extent, and contains a population of about 1500 inhabitants. The lives and property of this number of Her Majesty's subjects are now entrusted to the care of *two ordinary constables*, without any chief to look after them. Last year we had one chief, and three ordinary constables, and three mounted troopers, and from these seven we are now reduced to two. The short-sighted policy of the Council is fully shown in one case. There is scarcely a single stockholder in the district who has not lost cattle or horses since the beginning of the year. The thieves well know they can commit depredations with impunity. Hardly a night passes without some petty theft being committed. We are compelled to keep every thing under lock and key, and even this precaution does not act as a prevention. A night or two ago a tarpaulin was stolen from a dray at Mr. Crispe's door; a few nights previous the same person's tap was entered, and some wine stolen, and about the same time a bee-hive was carried off with about 80 lbs. of honey from another house in the village. In fact nearly every day we hear of some new theft.

We cannot say that in our case the Council have the whole of the blame. Those whom we placed in the Council to watch and protect our interests were the first to vote that we should be cut down (I use the plural number for the singular here). Selfishness and personal instinct is said to be the chief feelings which have actuated our *friends*, in this as well as other matters. It is the unanimous opinion here, as well as in other parts of the county, that there is no scruple felt in sacrificing every portion of the county to the *pet village*. Events have fully justified this supposition. No doubt attempts will be made to reduce us still farther. The Police Committee is certainly not what we could wish.

Your Camden Correspondent in allusion to some remarks in one of your late numbers, tries to get the warden out of a scrape by saying that the money entrusted to him last year was devoted to the repairs of the more distant parts of the road, and that therefore it is only fair that Camden should have its share this year. This is the best argument he could have used in our favour. We do not object to his having his share, but we certainly are entitled to ours also. Our complaint is, that the most distant portions of the road, and that near Camden, have been improved, but that ours has been entirely neglected—and part of the road has not been repaired since it was laid out, at least that portion about Picton. The village is nothing more or less than a bog—through which vehicles have to pass up to the axletrees in mud. Some people suppose that by knocking others down, they will be able to climb the higher, but we are determined to fight it out when we are down.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—In your paper of Thursday, the 18th July, I notice a letter signed "Seeing is Believing," purporting to be written by a ship-master, from Newcastle, and to give some account of the colliers' strike; and as I have been pointed out as the author of that letter, I now beg to state that I knew nothing whatever of it until I saw it in print. Whenever I have a grievance to lay before the public I do so over my proper signature.

I am yours, &c.
JAMES MALCOLM,
Owner of barque Cade.

Newcastle, July 22.

National Library of Australia
http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1512070

CORONER'S INQUESTS.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—The long article headed "Coroner's Court," which appeared as the leading one in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of Tuesday, was read by me with extreme surprise, and certainly excited in me sudden and strong emotions. The spirit of personal antipathy to me which it breathes throughout its whole contents, has not, however, called forth from me a similar "amicus iniquus" towards the writer. I have not been provoked to indulge any feelings which the love of truth and a necessary regard for the protection of my personal and professional character do not control, nor do I apprehend that I may seem to sanction by imitation a style which is evidently unsuitable to serious and professional discussion even when undertaken with those impulses which generally dictate newspaper controversy.

Concerning the difference of opinion which has arisen and been made public between the honorable and learned Attorney-General and that judicial functionary the Coroner, I am neither called upon, nor competent to speak. It is also as far from either my inclination or my province to enter into any investigation of the motives which have guided, or the success which has attended the latter officer in the discharge of the important duties of his station. And further, being totally exempt from the slightest degree of professional or any other kind of uncordial feeling towards any of my colleagues as public medical officers, or to any other of my fellow practitioners, I shall abstain from any remarks, (even from the recitation of their names) concerning those gentlemen who have been dragged forward as parties concerned in the article which I am compelled, in justice to myself, to notice. It is only with what intimately concerns myself, as prominently thrust forward in the question, "Who is Dr. Tierney, that he has fallen into this little annuity? He is an Irishman, so is the Coroner; he is a Catholic; so is his patron," that I have anything to do.

The charge which I am to sustain with all its force, I bear up against, and at once confess that I am, under circumstances over which I had no control, most undoubtedly "AN IRISHMAN;" and if that offence be not sufficiently heinous, there can be added to it that of being "A CATHOLIC," or in a term more congenial to the taste of my accuser, a PAPIST. But that these conditions of my life do not in the smallest degree tend to advance my worldly interests in this colony, I can most conscientiously avow, and as unequivocally prove. "The Profession may have cause to grumble," as stated in this article, but I have certainly still greater. Those circumstances of country and creed, on the contrary, I have abundant reason to surmise, have materially operated, and still operate, to damnify my private interests, and to thwart my strenuous aims to effect public good. Although compelled to abandon my attempt to establish a Lying-in Hospital, I still continue to the present hour to give all the aid which my means and time afford to females in that forlorn state which it was designed to relieve, without any co-operation on the part of the Catholics as a body; and being on principle refused aid from the Protestant communions. Various practitioners, of different countries and creeds from mine, I have been apprised of being in the annual receipt of £500 from their Catholic patients alone—and I know practitioners to have received fees from individual "Papists" from £50 to £100 for medical attendance.

Convinced that by dissection of the dead the medical art is made best qualified to confer benefit on the living; I have ever since my entrance on the study even of my profession anxiously availed myself of every means to advance in knowledge of morbid anatomy. The evils which resulted to the right administration of criminal justice, from the ignorance and presumption which have been betrayed in the medical evidence have often been commented upon by the highest judicial authorities at home, and have not been overlooked in the remarks from our colonial bench and law officers of the Crown. It demands much practice in morbid dissections to facilitate the examinations which are essential to the satisfactory conclusion as to the cause of the death, and to the right knowledge and classification of the diseases which the medical practitioner has to treat. Deeply feeling, as I advance in experience, the great importance of the truth with which I was so early impressed, I am always ready, and eager to add to my own stores of practical knowledge: and to extend the benefits of medical science, by every opportunity that presents itself of minute *post mortem* enquiry. And leaving the Coroner to announce, if he should in the exercise of his discretion see any right reason which may have induced him to have so frequently demanded my services,—for myself, I have only to observe that I am thankful for the opportunities thus afforded me, of gratifying my desire for pathological instruction, far stronger in me than the thirst for the gold which is given as a remuneration for the services the medical witness renders to the public.

As a further answer to the inquiry, "Who is Dr. Tierney?" I borrow, in conclusion, the following from the pens of the Colonial Secretary and the Immigration Agent:—

His Excellency (Sir George Gipps) has found reason to approve of your conduct, (while acting as Surgeon Superintendent of the Sir Charles Napier) which seems to have been irreproachable, and, ... most commendable; and His Excellency therefore requests that you will accept his thanks for the honest and upright manner in which you discharged your duties.

(Signed) E. DEAS THOMSON.

I hereby certify that Dr. D. J. Tierney came to this colony as Surgeon Superintendent of the emigrant ship Sir Charles Napier, in the year 1842, and that the duties of that office were discharged by him to the satisfaction of the Board. I may add, that Dr. Tierney has rendered an IMPORTANT PUBLIC SERVICE TO THE COLONY.

(Signed) FRANCIS L. S. MEREWETHER, Immigration Agent.

Immigration Office, Sydney.

It has been suggested to me that the following passage in the article which called forth my remarks, "we might be met with an answer that there is another reason why a large portion of inquests have fallen to his (my) lot," insiduously applies to a surmise of one of the speakers on a late occasion in the Legislative Council, that a division of the surgeon's fees had taken place with the Coroner and Surgeons, agreeably to some understanding. Should any positive assertion to that effect ever be made, by whom it may, I declare that it would be, so far as I am concerned, *an egregious falsehood, an infamous calumny*, on the Coroner as on myself. I most solemnly avow, that not to the slightest amount did any pecuniary or other arrangement or obligation ever exist between us.

I have the honour to remain, Gentlemen,
Your very obedient servant,
D. J. TIERNEY.

21, Pitt-street, July 24.

[Dr. Tierney does not attempt to give a reason for the fact which was the groundwork of our remarks respecting him—that out of 364 inquests held by Mr. Brenan, Dr. Tierney was summoned as a medical witness 129 times, and that of 165 *post mortem* examinations, seventy of them fell to his lot. His love of the study of anatomy is doubtless very creditable to him, but we think it probable that there may be some other members of the profession equally fond of the science and equally anxious to avail themselves of opportunities of improving their acquaintance with it: but they have not had the same opportunities, and why such peculiar assistance has been rendered to Dr. Tierney by the Coroner, is a question which still requires to be answered.—EDS.]

MERCANTILE CHARGES.

To the Merchants of Sydney and Melbourne.
(Per favour of the Sydney Morning Herald.)

Horbury Terrace,
25th July, 1850.

GENTLEMEN,—I have frequently had occasion, when called upon professionally to examine accounts between country gentlemen and mercantile houses, to regret that there has appeared to be no uniform and consistent rules, applicable to all cases, and generally understood, by which the mercantile charges are regulated. I have therefore thought it might be acceptable to all parties concerned to submit the following, as illustrative of the principles on which a set of charges might be constructed. In framing the propositions, I have drawn the materials from various accounts of the most respectable houses.

1. That the rate of *Interest* on both sides of the Account be the same as charged by the Banks, on long dated Bills and Renewals [8 per cent.]

2. That the *Advances* agreed to be made on Consignments of Exports be entered to the Consignor's credit at the date of the sailing of the vessel in which shipped, and at the rate of Exchange then current for long dated Bills of Exchange. [1½ per cent. under Bank Bills.]

3. That *Cash Payments* made personally to the Consignor, within the limits of the nett amount then actually at his credit, be free of commission.

4. That *Cash Payments* within the said limit, made on consignor's order or account, be subject to a [Responsibility] Commission [of ½ per cent. on sums not individually under £50—on smaller sums 5 per cent.]

5. That *Cash Payments* (whether made personally to the Consignor, or on his Order or Account, of whatever individual amount) if in excess of the net amount then actually at his Credit in account, be subject to a commission of 5 per cent

6. That *Goods* purchased for, and transmitted to Consignor, be subject to a commission of 5 per cent., the prices being put in at the date and amount as paid or payable.

7. That *Goods* supplied from store be put in at the market price, whether Cash or Credit, without commission.

8. That the *Surplus Proceeds* of Consignments exported be Credited when ascertained; and that then, and not sooner, the Consignor shall be entitled to have them taken into consideration for fixing the sums on which the above several rates of Cash Payment Commissions are exigible.

9. That such *Surplus Proceeds* be credited in account *quasi* the dates and rates of Exchange of the original Advances on the parcels on which they have respectively accrued, so as to give the Consignor the same benefit in respect of Interest as if the Proceeds had been exactly known, and taken as a Remittance at the time of the Advances.

10. That the *Over-advances* be treated in a corresponding manner with Surplus Proceeds: that is, be considered as Cash Payments made at the date and rate of Exchange of the original advances,—and be subject to the proper Cash Payment Commission exigible when entered, and to the current interest from the date of the advances.

11. That the *Annual Balance* shall be treated as a Cash Payment, or Cash Receipt, as the case may be: that is to say, when at Debit, shall be subject to the proper Cash Payment Commission; and, when at Credit, shall operate *pro tanto* to save payments from the higher Cash Payment Commission as already stated.

12. That *Consignments* of Produce for Sale in the Colony, shall be subject to the usual charges on Imported Consignments sold in the same manner.

The only point which seems to require particular notice, is the mode of charging the *Over Advances* and Crediting the *Surplus Proceeds*. The system which I understand to be at present generally followed, that of Entering them as ascertained and computing interest only from the date of such Entry, is obviously unequal in its effects upon the Producer who takes a large Advance, and him who is content with a small one: the former obtains a Credit, for nearly the entire value of his produce, at the date of shipping or of the ship's departure; while the other has a large portion of his credited only at the expiry of about twelve months. It is also unequal in relation to the different states of the Exchange. It is true that by changing this practice the merchant will lose an advantage, since it is to be presumed that he makes his Advances carefully enough, in general, to leave a Surplus to be afterwards brought to account. But I reckon that the rule which allows a Cash Payment Commission of half per cent. where none is now taken, and that which excludes from consideration until actually entered to Credit, the Surplus Proceeds, in fixing the amount of Cash Payments subject to the higher rate of Commission, will be a sufficient compensation on the average of accounts: and I infer that it will be more agreeable to the merchant to enjoy a direct and openly charged remuneration, which can be defended on principle, than a covert and oblique advantage which is not generally intelligible, and which when understood is much complained of.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your very obedient servant,
ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL,
Accountant and Adjuster.

COUNTY OF GLO'STER

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—I am intruding upon your valuable time for the purpose of remarking that the grazing licenses within the boundaries are not, without their evils and inconveniences, as well as the licenses beyond the boundaries. The knowing ones have commenced a system which gives them every facility to carry on their depredations under the term of a barking license. A system has commenced here by very improper characters of leasing one or two sections of Government land in convenient and advantageous places to carry on their work of plunder, which is by stealing cattle and unbranded calves for the Sydney market, cutting timber, getting cabbage-trees, bark for tanning and exportation. A near neighbour of mine has leased two sections of Government land, purchased two or three head of cows and one horse. He sends more veal calves to the Sydney market than I can from fifty head: it is to be hoped that the Government will not lease land for the ensuing year to parties here without purchased or granted land adjoining the land which they wish to lease, unless they are people of good repute and are possessed of a certain number of cattle to depasture on the land they wish to lease, &c.; this would put a stop to the numerous depredations which are now daily carried on by the parties I have described.

A SUFFERER.

MISCELLANEOUS EXTRACTS.

NORMAN'S EXAMINATION OF PREVAILING OPINIONS AS TO THE BURDEN OF TAXATION.

(From the Spectator.)

MR. GEORGE WARDE NORMAN is better known to political economists than to the public at large, as a man of cultivated mind, and of sound views in the less pedantic school of economical science,—that school which is more akin to Adam Smith, from the humane nature of its followers. The subject of his present inquiry, though bearing rather upon a particular notion than a general law, is one of great importance in itself, and perhaps of greater in its influence upon public opinion. The first question Mr. Norman examines is, whether the amount of state taxation is such an evil as is commonly supposed, or "seriously impedes the progress of the general prosperity." He then compares the "public expenditure and consequent taxation of Great Britain with that of other large civilised countries," to test the truth of a prevailing opinion that we are the highest-taxed people upon the earth. Thirdly, he considers an opinion equally prevalent, "that the British Government is eminently prodigal in its expenditure, when this is compared with the result obtained, or with the expenditure of the Governments of other great and civilised countries for similar purposes." In a final section he takes a general survey of the character of our public expenditure, and advances some enlarged and liberal views on the power of the state over property, and the right of the poorer classes of the community to call upon the rich to contribute by means of taxation to their advantage and enjoyment.

The general basis of Mr. Norman's comparison is relative *power to bear taxation*. In reasoning about pressure, we must come to a different conclusion touching a nation of poor barbarians and a wealthy country like England. His first topic illustrates this view in a high degree; the subject of enquiry being, whether the burden of taxation is not much lighter now than it was towards the close of the war. This, after elaborate examination, he decides in the affirmative: the power to bear he considers quite as great, the pressure itself very much less; and he denies that the pressure at any time during the wars of the French revolution or since the peace operated to seriously impede the production of wealth. As a proof, he points to the continual increase of wealth, not only in commodities annually produced, but in permanent investments, houses, public works, enclosures, and the like, as well as the waste of capital in home and foreign speculations. The proofs of his first conclusion are drawn from various sources, but are resolvable into two main classes—the reduction of expenditure and taxation which has taken place since the peace; the increase of wealth and population that has taken place within the same period. Thus the absolute pressure is vastly less; the power to have borne it is vastly greater. The proofs of these conclusions are presented in a variety of forms, but the following is a summary, brought together from different parts of the chapter.

INCREASED WEALTH.—The declared value of British and Irish produce exported in 1814 was 45,494,000*l.*, or, deducting 20 per cent. for depreciation, as will be explained hereafter, about 36,000,000*l.*; in 1844, it was 58,180,000*l.*; in 1848, a year of diminished trade, owing to the continental revolutions, 52,388,000*l.* In 1849, it will probably have reached nearly sixty millions.

The vessels belonging to the United Kingdom and the colonies in 1814 were 24,418, with a tonnage of 2,616,000; in 1845, vessels 31,817, tonnage 3,714,000; in 1848, 33,672, tonnage 4,052,160. * * * *

The capital which became subject to legacy-duty in 1814 was 27,290,000*l.*; as much of this was *funded* or other property, to which a deduction for the depreciation of money is not applicable, an allowance of 10 per cent. upon this item will form the basis of a fair comparison. This will leave 24,569,100*l.* In 1845, the capital subject to legacy-duty was 45,999,000.

The value of the property insured against fire was, in 1811, 366,000,000*l.*, and in 1821, 408,000,000*l.* We may assume a medium between these sums for 1815, namely, 337,000,000. In 1845 it was 722,000,000.

REDUCED TAXATION.—The various taxes reduced and abolished since the peace, and up to the end of 1849, yielded to the revenue no less a sum than 50,182,000*l.* In that interval taxes to the amount of 13,254,000*l.* had been imposed. The balance in favour of reduction was thirty-seven millions. It may here be remarked, that the sum collected in the last years of the war from actual taxation was about seventy millions, and that consequently an enormous proportion of the taxes then existing must since have been removed. On the other hand it is obvious that the wealth of the country must have vastly increased, in order to account for the collection of fifty-two millions now forming our revenue from the old imposts still existing, with the additions made to them in later times.

REDUCED EXPENDITURE.—The average expenditure of the years 1813, 14, and 15, was 101,685,000*l.*, or, deducting 20 per cent. for depreciation, 81,450,000*l.*

The average expenditure for years 1843, 4, 5, including above 5,700,000*l.* employed in the redemption of debt, was 52,248,000*l.*

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION.—It follows from what has preceded, that the positive reduction of expenditure since the peace has been about twenty-nine millions on eighty-one millions, or about 36 per cent.

The medium population of the British Islands towards the close of the war may be taken at about nineteen millions. On an average of the last few years we will take it at twenty-eight millions, which is probably too low for the present time.

Upon the assumption that national wealth has increased equally with the increase of population, the comparative reduction in expenditure has been 53 per cent.

It follows from these figures, that the country could now sustain an expenditure of 119,000,000*l.* with no greater pressure than was inflicted by 81,000,000*l.* at the close of the war; that we could now bear a system of taxation, looking at taxation simply, which produced 82,000,000*l.*, as we then bore one which produced at least 56,000,000*l.*; and that an expenditure of 51,000,000*l.* at present presses no more upon our resources than an expenditure of 35,000,000*l.* would have done about 1835.

It may be useful to put this matter in a somewhat different shape. At the close of the war we spent about 4*l.* 4*s.* per head for public purposes; at present we spend about 1*l.* 17*s.* The reduction in comparative expenditure during the intervening period has amounted to about 2*l.* 6*s.* per head.

The second and third branches of the subject are considered in the same manner as the first branch; and the author arrives at similar conclusions in favour of England and the thrifty management of its government. The statistical means of examination are of necessity more scanty than in the previous section, and are chiefly confined to France in any degree of fulness. In that country Mr. Norman pursues an examination similar to what he has made in England, to reach an exactly opposite conclusion. French expenditure and French taxation have increased absolutely in an enormous degree, and probably in a comparative degree; the national wealth not having increased in proportion to that of England, or to that of French taxation. The following is the sum of the facts:—

The average expenditure of France in 1815, 16, and 17, 1,025,000,000 francs=41,000,000*l.*

The average expenditure of the years 1845, 6, and 7, was 1,573,000,000 francs=62,000,000*l.*

The population of France in 1817, was 29,217,000. In 1846, 35,400,000. The expenditure of France in 1848, had risen to 1,817,000,000 francs, or about 72,000,000*l.*

* * * * *

If the two countries were equally burdened at the close of the war, it follows that England is now taxed comparatively with France in the proportion of 47 to 130—in other words, that the former, in proportion to her wealth, pays 71 per cent. of taxes less than the latter.

It may render this matter somewhat clearer and more intelligible to the reader to place these results in another point of view. The expenditure of England at the close of the war being eighty-one millions, and the population nineteen millions, the former had reached the enormous amount of 4*l.* 5*s.* per head.

At present the English expenditure is fifty-two millions for twenty-eight millions of people, or about 1*l.* 17*s.* per head.

The expenditure of France in 1815, 16, and 17, having been 1025 millions of francs, borne by a population of twenty-nine millions, was about 1*l.* 8*s.* per head; it has been recently 1573 millions of francs, for thirty-five millions of people, or about 1*l.* 13*s.* per head. In the first year of the Republic, it has indeed reached seventy-two millions sterling, or 2*l.* per head.

The comparison of the expenditure of foreign countries with that of England of late years, is of necessity more general or conjectural. The debt is omitted from Mr. Norman's comparative estimate, as having been contracted by governments existing before the present generation, (except, by-the-by, some forty or fifty millions added since the Reform Bill). The table in which a curious view of the actual expenditure of the different European governments is exhibited, has been constructed by the author's friend, Mr. Porter, of the Board of Trade, on whose authority it must be received.

Table of Expenditure for purposes other than the payment of Interest on Debt, stated in English money, and at per head of the population.

	£	s.	d.
France—before the late Revolution	1	6	4
France—since 1848	1	11	0
Belgium	0	15	10
Spain	0	18	3
Prussia	0	10	7
Holland	0	18	4
Norway	0	9	0
United States—taking into account the expenditure of the several States	0	9	3
Average of the above, taking France at only £1 6s., about	0	16	4
England, adding four millions for collection	0	19	4

Now it will at once strike the reader, that the above figures, even at the first glance, by no means bear out the charge of extravagance usually brought against the English Government—that its expenditure per head of the population is less by nearly one-third than that of France, and that it barely exceeds that of Spain and of Holland.

PRESIDENTIAL ANECDOTE.—During the American President's stay at Pittsburgh, the ladies paid their respects to him at the Monongahela House. A gentleman introduced a very pretty girl, but added, playfully, "She is a democrat, general." The old gentleman kissed her on both cheeks, adding, with great glee, "I always kiss the democratic ladies twice—there are so few of them. Why, had it not been for the ladies, I should not have been where I am. I owe my success to them." "General," said a gentleman standing by, "I wish you would appoint me chairman of the Kissing Committee." "Colonel," replied he, "don't you know the old saying—if we want a thing done, we send our man to do it; but if we want it well done, we do it ourselves."

DIED.

On Sunday, 21st July, of scarlet fever, Alice Mary, the eldest daughter of Mr. H. B. Morgan, Fitz Roy Terrace, Redfern, aged five years.

GRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS,
CERTIFIED AND ENROLLED AGREEABLE TO LAW.
LOYAL MARINER'S REST LODGE, No. 925.

THE Officers and Brothers of the above Lodge are requested to attend at Host Livingston's, THIS DAY, at one o'clock, to follow the remains of their late P. N. G. Thomas Harrison, when the Officers and Brothers of the various Lodges in connection are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the N. G.,
W. J. SMITH.
1623 Secretary.

GRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.
TRAVELLERS HOME LODGE.
No. 741.

THE Officers and Brethren of the above Lodge are hereby requested to attend at their Lodge Room, Host Menzies, Star Hotel, George-street this day, Thursday, July the 25th, at one o'clock precisely, to follow the remains of our late brother, P. N. G. Thomas Harrison.

By order of the N. G.,
CHAS. FORSSBERG,
696 Secretary.

PREVENTION OF FRAUD!

THE Undersigned has the sincerest pleasure in being able to apprise the public of New South Wales, that the Right Honorable Earl Grey, her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, has been pleased, at the instance of Professor Holloway, to instruct the Local Government of this colony to take measures for protecting the inhabitants of the territory against the counterfeiting of Holloway's Medicines; that, in conformity with such instructions, his Excellency the Governor has caused the

BRITISH STAMPS BILL

to be introduced into the Legislative Council; and that the Representatives of the People, by passing the measure without a single dissentient voice, have adopted the views of the Imperial Government.

Under the provisions of this law it will in future be

A FELONY

to counterfeit the Stamps affixed to the valuable medicaments prepared by Professor Holloway, but, in order to make "assurance doubly sure," Mr. Holloway has, at considerable expense, caused the *Pamphlet of Directions* that is wrapped round his medicines *of the first and second sizes*, to be printed on paper, having, in

A WATER-MARK

on every leaf, the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT" woven in—which, it is believed, cannot possibly be imitated in this colony.

Of these Medicines, thus put up, h undersigned has just received, ex the Mountaineer and the Hooghly, two large consignments; and he begs to announce that he is in course of supplying all his agents with parcels of the new stock, the Wholesale Agent therefore takes this opportunity of expressing his hopes that the people of New South Wales will appreciate the efforts of the Imperial and the Local Governments to preserve them from the deleterious effects of counterfeited trash; and that they will second the endeavours of Professor Holloway to give them the *genuine Medicines*, by

PURCHASING ONLY OF THE AGENTS.

J. K. HEYDON,

Wholesale Agent for the sale of Holloway's Medicines, for New South Wales, Victoria, and New Zealand.

Time should not be lost in taking this remedy for any of the following diseases:—

Ague	Jaundice
Asthma	Liver complaints
Bilious complaints	Lumbago
Blotches on the skin	Piles
Bowel complaints	Rheumatism
Colics	Retention of urine
Constipation of bowels	Sore throats
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's evil
Debility	Stone and gravel
Dropsy	Secondary symptoms
Dysentery	Tic douloureux
Erysipelas	Tumours
Female irregularities	Ulcers
Fevers of all kinds	Venereal affections
Fits	Worms of all kinds
Gout	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Head-aches	
Indigestion	
Inflammation	

These medicines have now established themselves in New South Wales, by means of the numerous wonderful cures which they have effected, when all the "regular" means have failed. The published cases are not as one to a thousand of the total amount of good done. The following is a statement from a most respectable hotel-keeper in Geelong known to most travellers in that quarter:—

"My recent cure, of an ulcerated leg, by means of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, induces me to present my case before the public, in the hope that many others who are afflicted in the same way that I have been, and who do not believe in the efficacy of Holloway's Medicines, may derive equal benefit from the use of them. I had been afflicted for about three years with an ulcerated leg, and had the best medical treatment in Van Diemen's Land and Melbourne, without experiencing any relief, when a short time ago, hearing of the wonderful cures effected by the use of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, I resolved upon trying them. I purchased a few boxes of Holloway's Pills and Ointment in Mr. Cregin's shop, in Collins-street, Melbourne; and with gratitude I acknowledge that after using them, and attending to the directions, I found my leg effectually cured,—Being well-known in Melbourne and Geelong, I publish this statement, convinced that by doing so I only perform a duty that I owe to the community at large.

"JOHN OLIVE.

"Geelong, June 30, 1849."

Sold in Sydney by the Wholesale Agent for New South Wales,

MR. J. K. HEYDON,
78, King-street.

And by

Mrs. Marshfield, Tobacconist, Brickfield-hill.
Mr. Pinhey (late Allder), chemist, Parramatta-street.
Mr. Cleary, bootmaker, King-street East.
Mr. G. W. Watson, shoemaker, South Head Road.
Mr. Michael Dalton, Haymarket, next Raper's.
1537

EX THE LATE ARRIVALS.

B. MOUNTCASTLE begs to announce a large addition to his extensive stock—the assortments are now complete, and on inspection will be found to contain all the latest London and Paris fashions, in

Beaver Hats, black and drab
French ventilated Hats, ditto ditto
Stuff Hats, ditto ditto
Shell Hats, ditto ditto
Felt Hats
Ladies' riding Hats

The largest assortment in Sydney of men and boy's plain and fancy Caps

Capmakers supplied with materials.

Every description of hats manufactured to order in any quantity. A considerable allowance to country storekeepers.

Livery bands, cockades, naval and commissariat lace and ornaments, &c., &c.

French Hat Manufactory,
77, Market-street.

Fancy Cloth Cap Maker wanted. Apply as above.
632

FOR SALE.

12 TONS New Zealand Flax, of very superior quality.
M. E. MURNIN,
1535 Queen's-place

SEED POTATOES, imported direct from Hobart Town.

Also, a few tons very fine Colonial Seed Potatoes.

JOHN FEARNLEY,
Corn-factor,
Lower George-street,
1685 Near the Queen's Wharf.

COATS. COATS. COATS.

WINTER COATS, woollen linings, and substantially made, from eighteen shillings, in large varieties, at

M. O'NEILL AND CO.'S,
555, George-street,
727 Next the Bank of Australasia.

NOW LANDING, ex Salsette, and on sale at the Stores of the undersigned—

10 Hogsheads } of Teneriffe Wine
20 Quarter-casks }
of very superior quality

E. W. LAYTON AND CO.,
1673 Macquarie-place.

REGISTER STOVES.

NOW LANDING, ex Avondale, a beautiful assortment of Register Stoves all of the newest patterns, which will be sold at a trifle above the cost price. Builders and others about fitting up houses are invited to call and inspect them.

Also,

Braziers' copper, 10 to 25 oz.
Nail rod, all sizes
Tin plates, DXX, SDC, SDX, SDXX
BOILER PLATES
Iron Pots
Camp ovens, to 20 inch
Spades and shovels
Lead shot
Iron wire
Wheat mills, &c.

1497 NOTT AND EDWARDS.

PATENT VICTORIA TALLOW LAMPS.

JUST RECEIVED, a few of these superior lamps, of elegant patterns. They are warranted to burn as freely, and give a better light than the best Sperm Oil Lamps, while they consume nothing but the common kitchen stuff which is usually thrown away. Among them are a few strong japanned lamps, of the same construction, imported expressly for bush use.

Also,

GIG AND CARRIAGE CANDLE LAMPS,

of various patterns, which will be sold very cheap.

NOTT AND EDWARDS,
1496 522, George-street.

WILKINSON'S SHEEPSHEARS

J. and H. Sorby's ditto
Weighing machines, to weigh 5, 6, and 10 cwt.
Counter ditto ditto, 14, 28, and 56lbs.
Beams and scales, to weigh 5, 7, and 10 cwt.
Steelyards
Single and double percussion guns
Percussion carbines
Ditto pocket and holster pistols
Patent nails—3, 4, 5, 6-inch
Wrought, lathe, shingle, batten, and rafter nails
Ditto flooring brads and spikes
Wheat and flour sieves
Wheat mills
Tinned saucepans, round pots, oval pots, tea, kitchen, and stew pans
Enamelled saucepans, stew pans, oval pots, tea kettles, and tea kitchens
Long-handle frying-pans
Spades and shovels
Carron cart boxes
Anvils
Vyces
Coil chain
Bullock chains
Trace chains
Iron wire
Iron weights
Hooks and hinges
Scotch T hinges
Welded Lancashire chest and T hinges
Wing's saw files
Shot
Pit, cross cut, and frame saws
Hand, pannel, ripping, and tenon saws
Wood screws
Dover hinges
Sheep-foot, pocket knives
Butchers' knives and steels
Bone and stag handle knives and forks
Bone and ivory balance handle ditto
Copper, brass, and annealed iron wire
Wrought Flemish tacks, pump tacks, and joiners' brads
Black and bright tomahawks
Falling axes
Mortice axes
Carpenters' adzes and broad axes
Shipwrights' adzes and axes
American wedge axes
Eyed shell and Scotch screw augurs
Ship augers
Firmer, mortice, and socket chisels
Socket gouges
Clark's patent butt hinges
Parliament hinges
Halter chains
Dog chains
Bedscrews
Joiners' tools
Bench plains
Brush ware
Brass and iron cabinet locks
Britannia tea and coffee pots
Pewter ale and wine measures
Shoe thread
Seine twine
Kitchen ranges
Hay and chaff knives

For sale by
SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.
1364 Sussex-street.

TO GROCERS AND STOREKEEPERS.

JUST LANDED, EX HOOGHLY.

SIR ROBERT BURNETT'S best LONDON MALT VINEGAR in 25 gallon casks.

1494 NOTT AND EDWARDS.

FOR SALE, at the Warehouse of the undersigned—

Teas—hysonskin, Souchong, gunpowder, imperial, and young hyson
Sugars—Pampanga, Yio-ylo, Misamis, Zebu, and China brown
China silks, satins, handkerchiefs, &c.
Nankeens
Black pepper
Case gin and gin in hogsheads
Cognac brandy, in pipes and hogsheads
W. I. Rum (strong), and Manila rum
Champagne, very superior, in one dozen cases
Claret, in one dozen cases
Liqueurs in great variety
Common musket and sporting gunpowder
Muskets, fowling-pieces, and pistols
Percussion caps
Chimney glasses, large size
An invoice of oil paintings
Marble table tops, round and square; black and white marble pavement
Porcelain
Vegetable and flower seeds in excellent preservation
Paper and account books
Oilcloth for floors and table covers
Hats and caps
Boots and shoes
Machines for making Seltzer water
Refrigerators, with materials
Medicines
Canvas of assorted numbers
Yellow sheathing metal and nails
White, black, and green paint, in jars
An invoice of blocks, mast hoops, &c.
John Gosnell and Co.'s perfumery, soaps, brushes, &c.

HENRY MOORE,
Miller's Point.
July 10. 752

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—

Manila Rope, 1½ to 3 inch
Zebu Sugar
China white Sugar
Layer Muscatel Raisins, in quarter boxes
Cheeme Raisins, in barrels
Orange Marmalade
Guava Jelly
Hysonskin Tea, chests and half-chests
EX TERROR.
Manila Hats, &c., &c.

1440 THACKER AND CO.

BLACK OIL.

THE Undersigned begs to inform his old customers and the public that he has received a few tons of the finest hump back oil, which he is selling at a moderate price.

JOHN CARR.
Ship Chandler,
1518 12, Market-street West.

WHEAT,
ENGLISH BARLEY,
CAPE BARLEY,
OATS,
POTATOES.

THE Cargo of the Bandicoot, just arrived from Circular Head, on sale at the Stores of

GEORGE SMALL,
1687 4, Jamison-street.

BROADCLOTHS, DOESKINS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

M'ARTHUR, LITTLE, AND ATKINSON, have just received an assortment of Goods suitable for the season, and respectfully solicit the attention of

TAILORS, AND ALL BUYERS OF WOOLLENS,

to their unrivalled stock of—

Broadcloths, beavers, and pilots
Black and drab cassimeres
Kerseys, buckskins, and doeskins
Fancy doeskins in checks, stripes, mixtures, clan tartans, and many new and fashionable patterns
Woollen and cotton cords, moleskins, tweeds, velveteens, collar velvet, silk serge
A splendid lot of vestings, in velvets, satins, shawl patterns, toilenetts, cashmeres, quiltings, &c., &c.
Buttons, and every article in the trimming department required in the trade

Cash Purchasers will find it decidedly to their advantage to call early at the

LINEN AND WOOLLEN MART,
1203 287 and 289, PITT-STREET.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

SELLING OFF!! SELLING OFF AT ADELAIDE HOUSE,
UNTIL THE END OF SEPTEMBER.

JOSEPH VICKERY begs to acquaint the public that he has determined if possible to clear out the whole of his overwhelming stock of Boots and Shoes, by the above mentioned period, and now offers them such bargains as he believes they have never yet met with in the Boot and Shoe line.

J. V. assures the public that his object is not to deceive them, and invites the sceptical to call and test the prices.

The present is an excellent opportunity for country buyers to lay in a stock of all descriptions of Boots and Shoes.

As every article will be marked a bargain no abatement will be made except to wholesale purchasers.

Observe the address—

Wholesale Boot and Shoe Warehouse,
1285 367, George-street.

ALE AND PORTER.

JUST LANDED, and on sale at the Stores of the undersigned—

Allsopp's No. 3 ale, brewed October, 1849
Barclay, Perkins, and Co.'s double stout
Hoare and Co.'s ditto ditto
Goding and Co.'s ditto ditto
Byass' bottled ale and porter, 3 and 4 dozen casks.

1392 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

ON SALE.—BASS'S No. 3 Burton Ale, October brewing.

10026 THACKER AND CO

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—

Liverpool, dairy, and St. Ube's salt
Ration and refined sugars, teas, &c.
Brandy, rum, and gin, fine sherry
Sandeman's and Hunt's port
Cape and Sicilian wines
Woolpacks and 3-bushel bags
Seaming twine, &c.

BEAMES AND KEALE,
1451 Hunter-street.

NOBLE AND HOARES' (LATE NOBLE AND ROLL'S) VARNISHES.

ON SALE, at the stores of the undersigned, suitable for coachmakers and house builders, and painters, in ½, 1, and 2 gallon cans, metallic capsuled, in great variety.

WILLIAM WALKER AND CO.
Fort-street. 1648

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—

Woolpacks, 9½ and 10 lbs.
Woolbagging (twilled), 27 inch
Bags (3 bushel), heavy hemp
Canvas (thrice boiled navy), assorted Nos.
Scotch twills
Damask table cloths, napkins, &c.
Wine corks
St. Ubes' salt
Negrohead tobacco, finest quality, in kegs.

WILLIAM WALKER AND CO.,
1598 Fort street

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned.—

Port wine, in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Sherry, in hogsheads, butts, and quarter-casks
Madeira, in hogsheads, quarter-casks, and octaves

In the above are included some of the finest wines imported.

Teneriffe, in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Together with a large assortment of bottled wines
Pale brandy, 1 dozen cases, very choice
Booth's cordial gin, 1 dozen cases
Geneva, in cases }
Brandy—Martell's } in and out of bond
W. I. rum }
Tennent's XXX brown stout
Bottled ale and porter, Byass' and other brands

E. W. LAYTON AND CO.,
1674 Macquarie place.

TO COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS AND SHIPPERS.

FOR SALE by the undersigned, ex late arrivals—

Plain and printed Coburghs, Orleans
Cashmeres and de laines
Fancy prints, shirtings, sheetings
Blankets, slops, &c., &c.

1452 BEAMES AND KEELE.

JAVA WHITE AND BROWN SUGAR of superior quality, for sale by

S. WILKINSON, JUN.,
1473 Macquarie-place.

RICH FLAVOURED ENGLISH CHEESE

HALF-A-TON of the above on sale at the stores of the undersigned, (each cheese about 7 lbs. weight).

JOHN STIRLING,
559, George-street,
1448 Opposite Bridge-street.

PRIME PORT PHILLIP BEEF

Wa son and Wight's celebrated brand On Sale by

JOHN MACNAMARA,
1672 Queen-street

MR. JAMES SIMMONS

Is instructed to sell by private contract, at the Australian Mart, Market-street,

50 PRIME YORK HAMS, at 13d. per lb.

Best London bottled fruits, in cases of 3 dozen, at 13s. per dozen
Dunbar and Son's bottled ale and porter in casks of 4 dozen each
¼ lbs. mustard, in cases
Quart salad oil ditto

The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers 1689

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

THE Paddock, containing about eighty acres of Land, in the Town of Windsor, and now in the occupation of Samuel Marsden, Esq. Possession to be given the 1st January next. Apply to Messrs. Minithorpe and Co., Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

ROBERT CAMPBELL.
Campbell's Wharf.
June 11. 1020

FOR SALE by Private Contract, the thorough-bred imported horse CANTATOR. Apply to Mr. WM. GORDON, Bangus, near Gundagai. 1660

GREY HORSE.

FOR SALE, a handsome grey gelding, six years old, has done no work, is perfectly quiet, sound, and free from vice.

This horse was got by the imported Arab horse Zadack, out of an Arab mare, and is worth the attention of any gentleman requiring a first rate horse. Apply to

MORRIS CASTLE,
1639 Pitt-street North.

FOR SALE.—Two draft Horses, five years old, or aged. Apply to DAVID WILSON, Sussex-street North. 1676

TALLOW.

THE undersigned are purchasers of the above, or will make advances on the same, consigned to their house in London.

7967 LAMB, PARBURY, AND CO.

HIDES AND TALLOW.

THE undersigned are cash buyers of Hides and Tallow.

1162 BEAMES AND KEELE.

TALLOW.

THE undersigned will give the highest market price for Beef and Mutton Tallow.

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
1550 700, George-street.

GOLD DUST.

CALIFORNIAN Gold Dust purchased in any quantities by

THACKER AND CO,
George-street.
George-street, July 6. 492

MONEY TO LEND, on Sydney Properties, in sums of from £100 to £400. Apply to

STENHOUSE AND HARDY,
1661 186, Elizabeth street.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

LEFT HIS WIFE AND CHILDREN—"John Roberts," per ship Lloyds, aged 44 years, pitted with small pox, having a black hat much battered, a white slop shirt, white moleskin trousers, patched on both knees, and a plaid jacket without buttons; hair light brown; hole near the top of nose; reads and writes well; and has been a Sunday-school teacher in England for seven or eight years. Was last seen on the morning of the 5th July, going towards Appin from his then residence near the mill. He is implored to return to his afflicted wife, on whose behalf any information respecting the above individual will be thankfully received by the undersigned.

H. D. D. SPARLING
Appin, July 23. 1555

WANTED, a Waiter. Apply at the Australian Club. 1686

WANTED, as Nurse, a clean and steady young Englishwoman, to take charge of one child. For particulars and address apply to W. and F. FORD, Stationers, George-street. 1603

PULLING HANDS WANTED.

WANTED, for the Shore Whaling Party, at East Boyd, Twofold Bay, some pulling hands. None but really good men need apply.

R. W. LAYTON AND CO.,
1612 Macquarie-place.

WANTED, by a respectable Woman, who has had great experience at sea, a situation, to wait upon a lady or ladies, or children, to England, or India, or as a Stewardess in a ship or steamboat, to any part of the globe, having been at sea these last fifteen years. Address to R. A. W., at the *Herald* Office, Sydney. 1659

LAD WANTED.

WANTED an active lad accustomed to take charge of a horse, and to make himself generally useful. Apply to

BUYERS AND LOCHHEAD,
1657 Harrington-street.

WANTED, an engagement as resident or daily Governess to children, under ten years of age. The advertiser is competent to teach English and French, with rudiments of music and drawing. Address to A. B., WILLIAM BLYTH, 139, George-street South. 1656

WANTED, a Writing-master, for an hour, twice a week. Apply to Messrs. W. and F. FORD, Booksellers, George-street. 1653

WANTED, by a young lady of the highest respectability, a situation as visiting or resident governess. She is competent to teach English, French, Music, Drawing, and Singing, with all the requisites of a solid and polite education. Address F. F., *Herald* Office. 1646

WANTED, a situation as Nursery Governess; the advertiser is fully competent to impart a sound English education, with all kinds of fancy needlework. The highest testimonials of abilities can be given. Address C. C., *Herald* Office. 1654

WANTED, a married couple, the man to cook, and make himself otherwise useful; the woman as housemaid, and to assist in the care of some grown-up children. Wages, £30 per annum. For address, apply to the *Herald* Office. 1681

TO DRAPERS, HABERDASHERS, &c., &c.,

WANTS a Situation, as Draper's or Haberdasher's Assistant, a young man of good address and experienced business habits; is competent in the leading departments; writes a good quick hand; could keep a set of books, and do the correspondence of a business house; can give satisfactory references from his present employer, and also from other respectable houses in Sydney. Security if required. Address Mr. Y. Y., *Herald* Office. 1684

PORTER WANTED.—An active single young man as Porter. He must be able to write, pack, and deliver Goods, and make himself generally useful; one accustomed to the drapery trade will be preferred. Apply to Mr. JOHN RICKARDS, Auctioneer, George street, before ten o'clock this morning. 1694

BRICKS.

WANTED, 20,000 well burned Bricks, to be delivered alongside a vessel in Darling Harbour. Apply to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
1669 Queen-street.

FIVE SHILLINGS REWARD.

LOST between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, supposed in George-street, a Bank Book, of no use to any one but the owner. Whoever will bring the same to Mr. Smidmore, Bathurst-street, will receive the above reward.

THOMAS SMIDMORE.
July 24. 1638

STORAGE.

FOR about 250 tons of goods, in any quantity. Parties having goods to store, will find the situation very convenient, owing to its central position. It is suitable for goods of all descriptions, and the charges per week will be very moderate. Apply to

Mr. JOHN A. MATHEWS,
At Mr. M Gaa's,
Queen-street.
Queen street, July 15. 1049

CENTRAL STORE.

TO LET, a part of the store occupied by the undersigned, with the use of a powerful crane.

ASPINWALL AND CHALDER,
1332 Bank Court, King street.

TO LET, a House in Victoria Terrace, Miller's Point, containing ten rooms, kitchen, pantry, stables, coach-house, &c., water laid on. Apply to G. TALBOT, Victoria Terrace.

June 29. 121

TO LET, the property at Lake Macquarie known as Threlkeld's Grant, consisting of 1280 acres of land, on which the Ebenezer colliery is situated.

The greatly increasing demand for coals offers a good opportunity for working this colliery with advantage, especially as a much superior coal to what has hitherto been sold in Sydney from this mine may be obtained with great facility, samples of which can be exhibited. The property would be leased as a whole, or the colliery separately, as it might suit applicants.

Apply to HENRY MOORE, Miller's Point.
July 10. 671

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1512069

SALES BY AUCTION.

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
SEASONABLE DRAPERY GOODS, BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, BLANKETS, AND FLANNELS.

NOW LANDING FROM THE HOOGHLY AND RIFLEMAN.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS
Has received instructions from the Importers to sell by public auction,
Without reserve,
At his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25,
At eleven o'clock precisely,

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY PACKAGES of the undermentioned Goods, viz.:—
Handsome printed challi and llama dresses
Ditto Tyrolese cashmere dresses
Ditto colonnade and French twill dresses
Ditto 6-4 gala plaids
Ditto 5-4 town printed cambrics
5-4 and 9-8 heavy navy blues
7-8 fancy prints and plates
7-8 printed furnitures
Rich printed de laine dresses
Ditto fancy checked Orleans cloths and llamas
Black Orleans cloths and Coburgs
Orleans, in choice colours
Cotton velvets, ditto ditto ditto
Fancy cashmere and woollen shawls
Ditto Berlin wool ditto
4-4 and 5-4 fancy worsted handkerchiefs
5-4 and 6-4 cashmere turnovers
8-4, 9-4, and 10-4 medium blankets
Welch and Saxony flannels
Domestic and house ditto
72 and 80 inch stout Wigan sheetings
72-inch heavy grey ditto
Horrock's longcloths
Croyden and Aberdeen dowlas
Spring water bleached sheetings
33 and 36 inch medium ditto
9-8 supers and Madapolams
27 to 33 inch grey domestics
Linen and union huckabacks
Rough and dressed hollands
Russia crash and dowlas
Linen dusters and towels
4-4 FLUE DERRYS
9-4, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 super white counterpanes
9-4, 10-4, and 11-4 chintz ditto
9-4 and 10-4 woollen rugs
9-4, 10-4, and 11-4 bleached diaper ditto
4-4 OSNABURGHS and FORFARS
9-4 and 10-4 printed cotton rugs and sheets
9-4 and 10-4 grey Bolton sheets
White and coloured jaconet linings
Checked aconet and book muslins
Indigo striped ticks

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND DOESKINS.
Black, blue, and rifle superfine broads
Ladies' blue pelisse and cap cloths
Wool, black and fancy cassimeres
Fancy doeskins (new styles)
Black velveteen and velvets
Genoa and constitution cords
Heavy drab moleskins
Straw, black slate, and drab Silecias
Black hollands and linings
Black silk serges and extra Raven's sewings

HATS AND CAPS.
Black Paris hats, broad brims, and low crowns
Drab felt hats, ditto ditto
Drab soft felt hats
Children's black and coloured silk velvet caps
Men's blue Scotch bonnets
Glengarry and Kilmarnock caps

HOSIERY AND SHIRTS.
Men's blue serge shirts, all wool
Ditto union ditto ditto
Ditto blue navy ditto
Ditto merino, lambswool, and Guernsey ditto
Ditto white shirts, linen collars and fronts
Ditto rowing and regatta shirts, fancy patterns
Boys' and youths' white and regatta shirts
White and scarlet imperial cravats
Worsted and lambswool hosiery
Men's brown and coloured half-hose
An assortment of children's cotton and worsted Argyle socks
Black and white cotton, black worsted and cashmere hose
Men's white cotton braces, single and double ends

FANCY GOODS
Ladies' fancy silk neck ties and handkerchiefs in great variety
White coutille and jean stays
Winter bonnet ribbons
Gauze and satin cap ditto
6, 8, 10, and 12 white sarsnet ditto
10 and 12 black ditto ditto
An assortment of black lace falls, whisker blonds, lace dresses, habit shirts, &c., &c., &c.

Also,
An assortment of haberdashery, consisting of—
Whalebone for dresses and bonnets, O cords, 29 and 33 bobbin braids, imperial tapes, 15 to 47, mixed and country pins, hooks and eyes, black and coloured reel cottons, ribbon wire, Raven's sewings, stay laces, gingham umbrellas, &c.

Terms of sale:
All purchases under £50, cash; above £50 and under £100, three months; above £100 and under £200, three and four months; above £200, three, four, and five months; by approved bills to be dated from the day of sale. 1363

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
EX SALSETTE, MUNRO, MASTER, FROM LONDON.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25,
At 11 o'clock,
G R 21 1 CASE CONTAINING—59 pieces 7-8 Print, much damaged.
Terms—Cash.

TO TAILORS, DRAPERS, &c.

FANCY DOESKINS, CASHMERES, BROADCLOTHS, &c.
EX HOOGHLY.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY,
At 11 o'clock,
3 CASES, CONTAINING
20 ends fancy doeskin
Blue, black, and rifle broadcloths
Black and mixed cassimeres
Blue cap cloths
Raven's sewing silk
Black and colonial silecias, &c.
Terms, liberal, at sale. 1695

SUPERIOR ACCORDEONS, CHINA ORNAMENTS, &c.
Ex Salsette and Bermondsey.

MR. S. SOLOMON will sell by auction,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 26,
At eleven o'clock,
Three cases Accordeons, from 6 keys to 14 keys
Flutinas, from 8 keys to 14 keys
Six casks China Ornaments, consisting of—Handsome vases, flag dancers, polkas, Jenny Linds, foresters, Prince Alberts, &c.
Twenty-four silver watches, cards knives, brass chamber and table candlesticks, &c., &c., &c. 1658

JULY 25, 1850.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES.
MESSRS. PICKERING AND LUCAS will sell by auction,
THIS DAY,
At eleven o'clock,
Blankets
Unredeemed pledges
Ornaments, bacon, hams
Decanters, glass, pictures, canvas
Tea boxes, empty cases, fenders
Quantity of Household Furniture
Kitchen utensils, sundries, &c.
Terms—cash. 1693

HOLLOW-WARE.
FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
2 HOGSHEADS of HOLLOW-WARE particulars of which will appear in to-morrow's *Herald*.
Terms—Cash. 1665

UNRESERVED SALE OF SPIRITS.
BY ORDER OF THE IMPORTERS.

TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
ON FRIDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock,
42 CASES GENEVA
40 Half-cases Geneva
5 Half-pipes Geneva
20 Hogsheads French cognac brandy
1 pale
19 dark
The brands are—
Cognac, 2 hogsheads
Pinet, Castillon, and Co., 2 ditto
Jangerin, 3 ditto
J. Denis } 5 ditto
H. Mourie and Co. }
Aegerdart and Co., 8 ditto
As these are spirits of a very superior class to those usually imported, and will be sold without *any reserve*, they are deserving the especial notice of wine merchants, licensed victuallers, country storekeepers, and others.
Terms, liberal. 1609

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

DAMAGED SHIRTING, TWILL, AND GREY CALICOES,
Ex Salsette, Captain Munro, from London.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on
FRIDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock,
R in diamond S G under.
§28—Part bale—Slightly damaged—
X—5 pieces India shirting, 402 yards
No. 100—1 piece ditto ditto 657 yards
160—3 pieces ditto 168 yards
200—2 pieces ditto 165 yards
29—Part Bale—Slightly damaged—
No. 1—4 pieces grey twill, 274½ yards
2—3 pieces ditto 204½ yards
3—1 piece ditto 69½ yards
4—3 pieces ditto 188½ yards
30—1 Bale—Much damaged—
No. X.—5 pieces 36 inch grey calico, 376½ yards
6—5 pieces ditto ditto 371½ yards
7—5 pieces ditto ditto 303 yards
8—5 pieces best ditto 341 yards
30—1 Bale—Much damaged—
No. X.—5 pieces 36 inch grey calico, 377½ yards
5—5 pieces ditto ditto, 375 yards
6—5 pieces ditto ditto, 361½ yards
7—5 pieces ditto ditto, 303 yards
32—1 Bale—Much damaged—
No. 5—10 pieces 36 inch grey calico, 747½ yards
6—5 pieces ditto ditto, 364 yards
7—5 pieces ditto ditto, 349 yards.
Terms—Cash. 1610

WOOD FITTINGS, &c.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, in the Yard, at the rear of the City Mart,
ON FRIDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock,
THE Wood Fittings of an emigrant ship.
Also,
A quantity of stores and other articles.
Terms at sale. 1561

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
1608 PACKAGES TEA,
AND
3240 BAGS SUGAR.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON MONDAY JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock,
629 CHESTS HYSONSKIN TEA
753 Half-chests ditto ditto
12 Chests congou
2 Half-chests ditto
45 Half-chests souchong
64 Boxes gunpowder
78 Ditto imperial
25 Ditto hyson
2479 Bags brown China sugar
761 Ditto Zebu ditto.
Terms at sale. 1365

TWO DAY'S SALE
OF
DRAPERY AND SLOPS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 31,
THURSDAY, AUGUST 1,
At eleven o'clock,
ONE HUNDRED and TWENTY-TWO PACKAGES of the undermentioned Goods, now landing
Ex SUMNER,
6 Cases double-stitched moleskin trousers
3 Ditto Grecian doeskin ditto
1 Ditto white cantoon ditto
1 Ditto double-stitched millers' drab ditto
1 Ditto black and blue cassimere ditto
2 Ditto fancy doeskin ditto
2 Bales best blue pilot cloth coats
1 Ditto milled tweed shooting ditto
1 Ditto drab beaver ditto
2 Ditto blue serge shirts
1 Ditto scarlet ditto
2 Ditto Scotch twilled ditto
1 Case fancy regatta ditto
2 Ditto white shirts, linen fronts, &c.
2 Ditto cotton and India-rubber braces

MANCHESTER GOODS.
5 Cases 7-8 fancy prints
3 Ditto two coloured plates
1 Ditto black and white
5 Ditto 5-4 fancy cambric prints
2 Ditto ditto navy blues
2 Ditto 7-8 ditto
2 Ditto chintz furnitures
1 Ditto fancy delaine dresses
2 Ditto cashmere ditto
4 Bales 72-inch grey sheeting
4 Ditto 30, 33, and 36 ditto shirting
4 Ditto Horrock's longcloth
2 Cases coloured rolled jaconet
1 Ditto white ditto
2 Bales 72-inch white sheeting
2 Cases drab moleskins
2 Ditto printed ditto
1 Case drab cords
2 Bales white counterpanes
2 Ditto coloured ditto
5 Ditto 10-4 diaper rugs
1 Case book and check muslins
1 Ditto rough brown hollands

STUFFS.
2 Cases French merinoes
2 Ditto black alpacas
2 Ditto ditto Orleans
4 Ditto coloured Coburgs
2 Ditto plaid shawls
2 Ditto fancy netted ditto
3 Ditto ditto Orleans
1 Ditto shot ditto
2 Ditto silk striped ditto
2 Ditto 3-4 gala plaids
1 Ditto 6-4 ditto ditto
2 Ditto 6-4 plaid ginghams
1 Ditto black cotton velvets
1 Ditto coloured ditto ditto

HOSIERY.
2 Cases women's white cotton hose
1 Ditto ditto black ditto
2 Ditto men's lambswool half-hose
1 Ditto ditto ditto shirts
1 Ditto ditto merino shirts
1 Ditto brown cotton pants
1 Ditto striped Guernsey shirts
1 Ditto white ditto ditto
1 Ditto blue and scarlet ditto
Terms at sale. 1570

HANDSOME GREY HORSE AND TOWN PONY,
THE PROPERTY OF A GENTLEMAN LEAVING THE COLONY.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Sale Yard,
ON FRIDAY NEXT, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
A HANDSOME GREY GELDING, by a pure Arab Horse, bred by Messrs. Scott, of Glendon, six years old, quiet in saddle and harness, accustomed to town work.
Also,
A good serviceable Town Pony.
Terms—Cash. 1676

200 CASES OILMAN'S STORES.
MONDAY JULY 29,

MR. CHARLES NEWTON,
Will sell by Auction, at his Rooms,
ON MONDAY NEXT, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock,
120 CASES PINT PICKLES, 3 dozen each
50 Ditto ½lb mustards
30 Ditto pints, salad oil.
Terms at sale. 1571

BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER, DRAUGHT PORTER, WHISKEY, GIN, AND BRANDY.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON MONDAY, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock,
59 HOGSHEADS TENNANT'S PORTER
159 Casks bottled ale and porter
20 Quarter-casks whiskey
35 Cases Clouzeau's pale brandy
57 Ditto gin
Terms at sale. 1418

THURSDAY, JULY 25,
FRIDAY, JULY 26.

TWO DAYS' SALE.
TO STATIONERS, SILVERSMITHS, IRONMONGERS, HARDWAREMEN, SADDLERS, COACH-BUILDERS, AND OTHERS.

93 PACKAGES,
Now landing,
EX MARY ANN, FROM LONDON,
CONTAINING
An extensive and well assorted consignment of British Goods, direct from the manufacturers.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,
BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
At his Mart,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25, AND TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 26,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
EACH DAY.
(Without reserve.)

LANE'S pearl inlaid papier mâché folios, tables, workboxes, and ornaments
Pearl inlaid papier mâché trays
Magnum bonum steel pens
Pen holders, cut quill pens, letter clips
Schlesinger's patent expanding pocket books, with diaries
Bronze, gilt, and other inkstands
A large assortment of Joseph Gillott's superior steel pens, in gross boxes, marked with his name
Steel spectacles, in cases
Tortoiseshell ditto
German silver ditto
Gold plated brooches and studs, shirt and other buttons
Superior silver mounted plated wares
Ditto ditto electro-plated
Best electro-plated arabesque tea and coffee services
Ditto hot water jugs
Ditto table branches, (one pair for six lights)
Snuffers and trays
Japan trays and waiters
Roasting jacks
Packing needles, best drilled eyed needles, best bodkins
Iron chests of all sizes
Patent coffee or grain mills
Patent coach and carriage axles
Ditto springs, bolts, wrenches, lamps, &c.
Carpenters' tools, augers, saws, planes
Boxwood rules, various
Padlocks, chest locks, till and drawer locks
DOUBLE AND SINGLE BARRELLED GUNS
Fenders and fire irons
Britannia metal teapots
Vyces, assorted
Cut Flemish tacks
LONDON-MADE SADDLERY, consisting of—
Harness
Saddles
Bridles
Spurs
Hunting, riding, driving, and every description of whips
HOLLOWWARE, consisting of—
Saucepans, stewpans, boilers, kettles, oval pots, &c.
Chimneys and hemispheres for lamps
Cut crystal glass decanters, &c.
_ The above consignment consists of a most extensive assortment of first-class articles, in various branches of trade, and are of a description for which there is constant demand; they were bought at some of the most celebrated *English manufactories*, and are all new goods, adapted to this market, or equally suitable for the neighbouring colonies.

As the sale will take place *without the least reserve* parties will find it to their interest to attend.
Terms at sale. 1168

MONDAY, JULY 29.

HORSE, SADDLE, AND BRIDLE,
THE PROPERTY OF A GENTLEMAN LEAVING THE COLONY.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock,
WITHOUT RESERVE.
HORSE, SADDLE, AND BRIDLE.
☞ Good in saddle or harness.
Terms—Cash. 1605

MONDAY, JULY 29.

KIDDERMINSTER CARPETS.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,
BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
At his Mart,
ON MONDAY, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
ONE BALE, Containing—
1 Piece 4-4 superior gold, white, crimson, and green
1 Ditto ditto ditto white, crimson, and green
1 Ditto ditto ditto gold, white, and crimson
2 Ditto ditto ditto chintz colours
Terms—Cash. 1408

MONDAY, JULY 29.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE BARREL GUNS, PISTOLS, POWDER FLASKS, SHOT BELTS, PERCUSSION CAPS.
WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOGS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock,
ONE CASK, CONTAINING—
16 Dozen broad tie clogs
14 Ditto narrow ditto
16 Ditto women's French ditto
2 Ditto children's ditto ditto
1 CASE CONTAINING—
4 Single barrelled guns
4 Ditto ditto ditto
4 Patent twisted breech guns
3 Ditto double barrelled guns
4 Pair pistols
2 Dozen powder flasks, green cord
¼ Dozen patent shot belts
25 M. fluted percussion caps, in tin boxes.
Terms—Cash. 1663

MONDAY, JULY 29.

TO WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS, RECTIFIERS, AND OTHERS.

SPIRITS OF WINE, BRANDY IN QUARTER CASKS AND HOGSHEADS, JUST LANDED.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,
30 QUARTER-CASKS SPIRITS OF WINE
50 Ditto ditto Brandy, 15 to 25 gallons
13 Hogsheads ditto ditto, (Otard's)
☞ The above are in excellent packages, and may be seen at Pollard's Stores. The attention of publicans, rectifiers, and spirit merchants is directed to the above saleable lot.
Terms at sale. 1604

THURSDAY'S PRODUCE SALE.

WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, SHEEP-SKINS.

MORT AND BROWN
Will sell by public auction, at their Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY JULY 25,
At 11 o'clock,
23 BALES WOOL
31 Casks Tallow
2300 Sheepskins
289 Hides.
Terms Cash. 1558

TWO DAYS' SALE.

BOOKS
TWELVE CASES OF POPULAR EDUCATIONAL AND STANDARD WORKS,
AND
ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED BOOKS,
EX SALSETTE AND BERMONDSEY.

MORT AND BROWN
Have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25,
AND TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 26,
At eleven o'clock each day,
3000 VOLUMES, amongst which will be found the following:—Bourrienne's Napoleon, Gems of Beauty, illustrated; Echos from the Backwoods, Milton's Works, Mysteries of City Life, Maxwell's Hill Side, Pictorial Book of British Ballads, Shakespeare, Royal Gallery of the Queens of England, Leila, Heath's New Gallery, Cabinet of English Poetry, Haddon Hall, Waverly Novels in 5 vols., Scott's Poetical Works, Arabian Nights, by Foster; Boswell's Johnson, Pilgrim's Progress, Burns' Poems, Don Juan, Youths' Excitement, Johnson's Dictionary, Massinger's Works, Osler's Life of Lord Exmouth, Pope's Poetical Works, Prior's Life of Goldsmith, Smollett's Works, Southgate's Travels in Persia, Spencer's Poetical Works, the Spectator, with Portraits; Thiers' French Revolution, Walker's Dictionary, Ainsworth's Latin and English Dictionary, Gibbon's Roman Empire, Robertson's Works, Library of Entertaining Knowledge, Hederici Lexicon, Fielding's Works, Horace, Cicero, Terence, Juvenal, Walkingham's Arithmetic, Byron's Poems, Mysteries of London, Novels, Bartlett's Walks about Jerusalem, Butler's Lives of the Saints, Cattermole's Civil War, D'Aubigne's Reformation, Cheever's Wanderings and Lectures, Cruden's Concordance, Domestic Cookery, Dwight's Theology, Edgeworth's Moral Tales, Mrs. Ellis's Works, Goldsmith's Grammar of Geography, Butler's Hudibras, Robinson Crusoe, Vicar of Wakefield, Asmodeus, Gil Blas, Life of Napoleon, Life of Nelson, Whiston's Josephus, Mangnall's Questions, Keith's Evidence of Prophecy, Henry's Commentary, Mosheim's Ecclesiastical History, Newton on the Prophecies, Smith's Wealth of Nations, Swift's Works, *Art Journal*, Mudie's Social Man, Scott's Prose Works, 26 vols.; Robertson's Works, Johnson's Dictionary, Calmet's Dictionary of the Bible, Hume and Smollett's History of England, O'Meara's Napoleon, Willis' Pencillings, Pearls of Great Price, Epicures' Almanack, Hill's Village Dialogues, Picture of London, Wright's History of Scotland, Jones' History of England, Cottagers' Friend, Sabbath Remembrances, Sermons to Young People, Life and Essays of Franklin, Peter Pindar, Stuart's Dictionary of Architecture, Stebbings' History of the Church, Housekeeper's Guide, Medical Adviser, Old Forest Ranger, Emily Moreland, Sturm's Reflections, Moule's English Counties, Views in Essex and Kent, Buckingham's Gazetteer, Bunn's Dictionary of the Bible, Works and Land of Burns, Holland and Belgium illustrated, Fox's Martyrs, Doddridge's Expositor, Henry's Bible, Nicholson's Mensuration, Views in Wales, Morris' Scripture Biography, Bartlett's Walks about Jerusalem, Forty Days in the Desert, &c., Castles and Abbeys of England, Hume's History of England, People's Music Book, Brown's Domestic Architecture, Brown's Manual of Farriery, Mozart's Requiem, Rollin's Ancient History, Sharpe's Magazine, &c., &c., &c.; Robertson's History of America, Fletcher's Family Devotions, The Nile Boat, the Book of Art, Views in the Tyrol, Every Man his own Attorney, Barclay's Dictionary, Moule's English Counties, Tomlins' History of England, Swift's Works, MILTON'S PARADISE LOST, with proof Engravings by Martin.
A large quantity of Children's and Educational Works, Engravings, &c.
Terms at sale.
Catalogues are now ready, and may be had at the Rooms of the Auctioneers. 1487

ALLOTMENTS AND FARM,
SITUATE IN THE TOWNSHIP AND SUBURB OF WOLLONGONG.
Also,
PLOT OF LAND AT PADDINGTON.

MORT AND BROWN
Are instructed to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, George-street, on
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, JULY 26,
At eleven o'clock,
THREE ACRES (being six half-acre Allotments) in the centre of the Township of Wollongong.
Together with,
And in the same lot,
27 acres 1 rood 24 perches in the beautiful suburb of
FAIRY MEADOW.
☞ The three acres in the Township of Wollongong have a frontage of 495 feet to Corrinal-street, the principal business street, and 261 feet frontage to Stewart-street, by a uniform depth of 264 feet.
IT IS RICH GARDEN LAND,
and awaiting the greatly increased value which the township lands must attain, might be well employed for the production of green food to supply (in connexion with the farm) a large dairy herd. Or its beautiful water views, and delightful position, might tempt any man seeking a comfortable home within easy reach of Sydney to erect himself a snug Cottage upon it.

THE FARM
is in the immediate neighbourhood, being situate in the much-admired and fertile suburb of Fairy Meadow. The two properties (which will be sold in one lot) are really a most desirable purchase for any one seeking a country home that will yield a handsome profit for any labour that may be bestowed upon it.

PADDINGTON.
This land has a frontage to Victoria-street of 100 feet, by a depth of 60 feet, and is now in cultivation as a garden.
It is adjoined by Mrs. Lode's land on the East, and by Mr. Furguson on the West, and is on the north side of the street.
It is all fenced in, and commands most beautiful views of the harbour.
It will be sold in one or more lots, each lot to be 25 feet. It would form a fine, healthy, and pleasant site for a cottage.
TERMS—For the Wollongong property, CASH, as the proprietor wants the money; but half the amount of the Paddington purchase may remain at 6 per cent. 1106

KENSINGTON,
IN THE CITY OF SYDNEY.

THE RAILWAY TERMINUS.

IMPORTANT SALE OF BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, AT THE JUNCTION OF PARRAMATTA-STREET WITH THE BOTANY ROAD, IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THAT BUSY PORTION OF THE CITY, BETWIXT THE BREWERY OF MESSRS. R. AND R. TOOTH AND THE RAILWAY TERMINUS.

MORT AND BROWN
HAVE received instructions from the proprietor of this most valuable block of Building Land to submit the same for public auction, at their Rooms, George-street, on
MONDAY, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock.

Lot 2, as per Plan.—Corner of Parramatta-street, to which it has frontage of 27 feet by a depth of 100 feet to the Botany Road, and having access to the back from Union-lane.
☞ This is a first-rate stand for a good Inn, being at the corner of two streets commanding the main traffic of that populous locality. There is a blacksmith's shop at present upon it, which is paying a tolerable rental, but the ground is too valuable to remain so occupied.
SECTION B.—Lots 1 to 21.—Most of these allotments front the main road to Botany, Chippendale, Redfern, &c., and also have good depths running through to Fitz Roy street, to which they have the same frontage as to the Botany Road.
SECTION A.—15 Lots.—Having frontages of 17 feet each to Fitz Roy-street, by a depth of 50 feet.
Lots 6 to 9.—Frontages of 28 feet each to Fitz Roy-street, and one of them a corner allotment abutting on Junction-street and Kensington-street, to which it has 60 feet.
Lots 33 to 39.—17 Feet each to Kensington-street, by an average depth of 53 feet.
Lots 1 and 2, 8 and 9, as per Plan—Are very valuable. They abut upon the Blackwattle Swamp Creek, and have frontages to Junction Road by good depths, and the corner lot is bounded by Kensington-street.

☞ As will be seen by the Plan (lithographed copies of which may be had at the Rooms of the Auctioneers), the land has been subdivided into most eligible allotments, adapted to all classes of purchasers; but more particularly laid out with a view of meeting the wants of mechanics, shopkeepers, and others, whose requirements will compel them to select their dwellings in the immediate locality of their employment; and as this land now offered is the most conveniently situated of any in the neighbourhood of the terminus, there can be little doubt but that the busy traffic attendant upon the operations of the Railway Company (leaving the present great business of Parramatta-street and the main road to Redfern, Chippendale, and Botany, out of the question) will at once enhance the value of these allotments at least ten-fold.
TERMS—25 per cent. cash; residue 6 and 12 months, with 6 per cent. interest.
Title unexceptionable. 1102

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE JOHN DANGAR, ESQ.

THE DISTRICT OF DARLING DOWNS.

THE "WALLAN" RUN,
TOGETHER WITH
5275 FIRST CLASS SHEEP.

MORT AND BROWN
Have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, George-street,
ON MONDAY, AUGUST 5,
At 11 o'clock.
THE ABOVE most splendid pastoral property, not to be surpassed by anything in the colony!
THE SHEEP,
(which are warranted sound and never to have been diseased) are really fine woolled, and consist of the following most excellent proportions, viz.:—
587 Ewes, 9 months old
410 „ 12 „ „
626 „ 2 years „
100 „ 3 „ „
1830 „ 4 „ „
550 of which have autumn lambs by their side.
570 Wethers, 9 months old
407 „ 1 year „
680 „ 2½ „ „
65 Rams

5275 More or less.

THE STATION
is situated on the Lower Condamine, in the district of Darling Downs, and is entitled to a 14 years' lease. It is in the neighbourhood of Messrs. Blythe, Edwards, Isaacs, Birrell, Windeyer, and Gogg's runs—distant only 100 miles from the flourishing township of Drayton, and 200 miles from Ipswich, the head of navigation.
The country is open undulating ridges, intersected with myall, richly grassed,
AND MOST ABUNDANTLY WATERED,
having stood the late dry weather (which has parched up so much of the Downs country,) without any apparent diminution of its unbounded supply. It is warranted to carry in all seasons at least
20,000 SHEEP,
BESIDES
A GOOD HERD OF CATTLE!
Indeed its carrying properties as yet have scarcely been ascertained for to quote the Superintendent's letter—"as to stock you may "put as many as you like upon it. The "casualties by natural deaths since its forma- "tion have not exceeded two per cent., "thereby showing the undoubted healthful- "ness of the station, and no losses have been "sustained from any other causes."
AS A FATTENING STATION
it is not to be surpassed, its ample pasturage, water, and extent, rendering it fully equal to fatten the full number it is estimated to carry; and as the boiling establishment of Mr. Ayerst (whose tallow stands so high in the Sydney market,) is within 100 miles of its homestead, an immense fortune is to be realized by the fattening of stock alone!
The mail from the Maranoa, the seat of the Commissioner, is shortly intended to meet the Condamine mail at this station, and an officer and party of Native Police will also be stationed here. As an agreeable country for residence its great beauty of scenery and fertile soil renders it especially desirable, and when the advantages before stated are taken into consideration it is no figure of speech to say that it is INVALUABLE, and before many years are over will be as highly prized as any of its sister runs in the Darling Downs District. The Superintendent's words are—"The run is a first rate one—there is nothing in this part equal to it."

THE IMPROVEMENTS
Upon the Station consist of the following, viz.—
Superintendent's hut
Store and kitchen
Two men's huts
Stockyard
Woolshed
Horse paddock
260 Hurdles
A mixed lot of 300 to 400 head of well-bred quiet cattle, well worthy the attention of purchasers, as also the horses, working bullocks, drays, tools, implements and stores on the station, will have to be taken by the purchaser of the sheep at a valuation.

☞ The above magnificent property will be sold in one lot to wind up a partnership account by order of the Executors of the late John Dangar, Esq. The judgment of this gentlemen in the selection of runs was *well known to many*; and he devoted much valuable time in the choice of the one now for sale. There will not be the SLIGHTEST RESERVE; and the terms may be arranged on application to the Auctioneers, from whom all particulars may be obtained.

REMEMBER—NO RESERVE WHATEVER!

LARD.

MORT AND BROWN
Will sell by auction, at their Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 25,
At 11 o'clock,
EIGHT CASKS LARD, in bladders, in very excellent condition.
Terms—Cash. 1662

DARLINGHURST,
THE OPPOSITE CORNER TO THE RESIDENCE OF S. A. DONALDSON, ESQ., HAVING FRONTAGE TO THE DARLINGHURST ROAD, AND TO UPPER WILLIAM-STREET NORTH, BEING LOTS 1 AND 2 OF MRS. FUTTER'S PROPERTY.

MORT AND BROWN
Will sell the above choice Allotments, at their Rooms, George-street, on
TUESDAY, JULY 30,
At 11 o'clock,
LOT 1 has a frontage of 21 feet to the Darlinghurst Road, by a depth of 82 feet, more or less, to Upper William street North, being a corner allotment.
Lot 2 has 35 feet frontage to Upper William-street North, by a depth of about 70 feet, which abuts upon a reserved road betwixt the residence of the Bishop of Sydney and the land now for sale.
TERMS:—
Ten per cent. cash deposit on the fall of the hammer; fifteen per cent. cash on signing of conveyance; residue at one, two, and three years, with interest at 8 per cent. 1141

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE, UNDER POWER OF SALE,

FIRST-RATE INN AND LAND CLARENCE TOWN.

MORT AND BROWN
Are instructed to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, George-street,
ON MONDAY, AUGUST 5,
At 11 o'clock,
ALL that Allotment or parcel of Land, in the said territory, containing by admeasurement two roods, and situate in the town of Clarence Town, parish of Uffington, county of Durham, No. 9 of section No. 2; bounded on the north by two chains and fifty links of the south side of Queen-street, bearing west 22 degrees south; on the west by a line dividing it from allotment No. 10, bearing south 22 degrees east two chains; on the south by a line dividing it from allotment No. 7 bearing east 22 degrees north two chains and fifty links; and on the east by a line dividing it from allotment No. 8, bearing north 22 degrees west, two chains to Queen-street; and on which is erected
A COMMODIOUS INN,
now in full trade, built of brick and stone, containing ten rooms, beside outhouses, and in every respect
A MOST SUPERIOR PROPERTY.
☞ Full particulars in next advertisement. 1648

BY ORDER OF MR. J. COPE, EXECUTOR TO THE WILL OF THE LATE MRS. MARIA COPE.

870 HEAD OF WELL-BRED CATTLE.

MORT AND BROWN
Are instructed to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, George-street, on
MONDAY, AUGUST 12,
At 11 o'clock,
870 HEAD of Quiet Cattle, a general herd, with the usual proportions of sexes and ages.
☞ The young cattle from two years downwards are the progeny of pure Durham Bulls, of which there are four now with the herd, and which will be included in the 870 head.

The above are depasturing on the Station of Mr Cope, Lower Macquarie, where they will be delivered.
Also,
Five STOCK HORSES
Dray and Team of Working Bullocks.
Terms—cash. 1420

THAT EXTENSIVE STATION
KNOWN AS
ABERFOIL,
SITUATE IN THE SPLENDID SHEEP DISTRICT OF NEW ENGLAND,
TOGETHER WITH
13,059 A1 SHEEP.

☞ To this most important pastoral property the Auctioneers claim the especial attention of every man possessed of the means of acquiring it, for if ever there was a favourable time for realising a fortune, most certainly the present juncture is that time; when the strange anomaly presents itself of high prices for wool, with low prices for sheep, the latter selling with splendid stations for no more than what under proper management they would yield within three years, leaving the same number of sheep with the station as a profit to the purchaser at the end of that period!

MORT AND BROWN
Have been instructed by the proprietor (who wishes to relieve himself of the trouble of an establishment which is some distance from his residence) to offer the same for sale by public auction, at their rooms, George-street),
ON FRIDAY, AUGUST 23,
At 11 o'clock.
THE following is the last return of the Sheep—
3074 Full mouthed and aged Ewes, in lamb
2075 Ewes, three and four years, in lamb
1210 Ditto, two years
1640 Ditto, one year
4710 Wethers, one year to three years
350 Rams.

13059 More or less
warranted never to have had either scab or catarrh.
☞ As regards the quality of the wool, every satisfaction can be given by reference to parties in Sydney who have classed it.

THE STATION
is situate in the highly favoured district of New England, and is in every respect one of the best in that locality. It lies within twelve miles of the Messrs. Landsborough's Rockvale Station, eight miles from Mr. Elliott's, from Mr. M'Donald twenty miles, ten miles from Mr. William Dangar and Mr. Nowlan, thirty miles from the Post town of Armidale, 118 from Grafton, and 250 miles from Maitland
IN ALL SEASONS IT WILL CARRY
25,000 SHEEP,
BESIDES A HERD OF CATTLE,
being most abundantly grassed and watered to superfluity, and will run large flocks on the open lands in the summer months, with warm ridges for winter.
THE IMPROVEMENTS
are very considerable, and amongst them are the following, viz.:—
COTTAGE, containing sitting room, and three bed rooms, all floored and shingled
STORE and Kitchen, ditto ditto
WOOL SHED and shearing floor (with pens and yards) also shingled and floored
GARDEN well stocked with fruit trees
STABLE
LARGE AND SMALL STOCKYARDS
EXTENSIVE GRAZING PADDOCK
FOUR OTHER PADDOCKS three of which are in cultivation and under crop
HUTS at all the stations
Large quantity of hurdles, &c., &c.
Upon the station are wool drays, working bullocks, ploughs, farm implements, stores, and every requisite for an extensive station, together with a small lot of cattle, which may be taken at a valuation.

☞ As a place of residence Aberfoil is most desirable, and with a very trifling additional outlay it might be made a very agreeable home, where every comfort might be enjoyed.
The TERMS, and all further particulars, may be learnt on application to the auctioneers. 1104

IAGO.
SANCHO.
GIGS, &c.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street,
ON SATURDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
IAGO, a superb brown gelding by Othello, an excellent gig and saddle horse, of great power and spirit, has been out with the hounds, and never refused a leap.
SANCHO, a very superior grey gelding, a first-rate roadster, and good fencer
A good stanhope gig and a hooded gig. 1667

4 GRATIS HORSES
1 GRATIS MARE

MR. STEWART has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street,
ON SATURDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
No. 62—"Benedick".—A brown colt, rising six years old, by Phantom, out of Mary Anne; has been broken to saddle, and since turned out. Would make a superb hack for a heavy weight.
No. 78—"Priam".—A bay colt, rising five years old, by Gratis out of "Hinda"; has been broken to saddle.
No. 70—"Sir Charles".—A bay colt, rising five, black points, by Gratis; has been ridden, and since turned out. This horse and No. 78 would make the finest pair of carriage horses in Sydney.
No. 52—"Little Wonder".—A roan chesnut horse, rising 7 years, by Gratis out of Gypsy Clark; is quiet to ride, and has good action.
"Medora", a brown bay mare, by Gratis, out of Bess o'Bedlam, 8 years old, has great power, and is quiet to ride. 1646

PENRITH.

MR. COTTRILL will sell by auction,
ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 31,
Immediately after the Government Land Sale,
An allotment of Land in the township of Emu, No. 1 of section 1—2 roods, corner of Emu and Russell streets; decidedly the most valuable allotment in the township.
Terms at sale. 1649

SALE BY AUCTION,
(BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE JOHN HILLAS, ESQ.)
BY MR PHILIP DIGNAM,
At his Rooms, Goulburn,
ON MONDAY, JULY 29,
At 11 o'clock,
THE following valuable CATTLE and STATION, known as the Myrtle Creek Station, on the River Ovens, consisting of about Two Thousand Head of Cattle of all ages, a general breeding herd among which are a large portion of Bullocks and Steers; together with eight Stock Horses.
The Station is situated at Myrtle Creek, on the River Ovens, about 27 miles above where the Port Phillip Road crosses the Ovens, that river, and within about 170 miles of Melbourne; adjoining the stations of Furlong, Faithfull, Pearce, and W. Walker. The estimated extent of the Myrtle Creek Station is about 34,560 acres, or 54 square miles, having a frontage of nine miles to the Ovens River, by six miles back run. Upon the station there is an eighty-acre grass paddock, enclosed with a good and substantial three-rail fence, with capacious stockyards and milking yard, with a comfortable stockman's house.
Provisions, stores, drays, ploughs, &c., &c., to be taken at a valuation.
The whole will be sold in one lot—without reserve.
Terms at sale. 381

PARRAMATTA.
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CHINA, GLASS, PLATE, PLATED WARE, BOOKS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, WINES, COTTAGE AND GROUNDS, &c., &c.

MR. S. PHILLIPS
HAS had the honour to receive instructions from the Executors of the late MATTHEW ANDERSON, Esq., to sell by auction,
ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY, AUGUST 5 AND 6,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
On the premises, Macquarie-street, Parramatta,
ALL THE PROPERTY AND EFFECTS, as follows:—
FURNITURE
Telescope, dining, loo, dressing and card tables, iron, four post and tent bedsteads, hair and wool mattresses, palliasse, feather pillows and bolsters, washstands, chests of drawers, toilet glasses, wardrobe, easy chair, commode chairs, horsehair-seated and cane sofas and chairs, bookcases, sideboard, whatnot, fenders and fire irons, carpets, matting and rugs, table and bed linen.
PLATE AND PLATED WARE, CHINA AND GLASS,
Consisting of dinner, dessert, and breakfast sets, cut glass quart and pint decanters, tumblers, goblets, wine glasses, salt cellars, wine bottles and jugs.
A valuable and useful assortment of
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
About (900) nine hundred volumes of BOOKS, amongst which will be found some of the best authors upon History, Surgery, Chemistry, and other popular subjects.
Also,
A choice stock of superior WINES, consisting of Claret, Camden, and a small lot of very superior Port wine.
Pedestal lamps, chamber ditto, waiters, trays, double-barrel fowling piece, pair pistols, desks, cutlery, engravings, maps.
The usual variety of cooking utensils; also, carts, wheelbarrows, dripstone, chaff-box, harness, garden roller and tools, and other miscellaneous articles, too numerous to particularise.
At one o'clock precisely, will be sold,
All that comfortable and pleasantly situated COTTAGE AND GROUNDS in Macquarie-street, Parramatta, and known as "Dr. Anderson's Cottage."
This most desirable property has but recently been erected, at an enormous outlay, the late proprietor sparing no expense to render it complete in all its parts. It is a brick building, slated, with verandah in front and rear, and contains
A LOFTY DRAWING, AND DINING-ROOM,
SPACIOUS HALL,
TWO BED AND ONE DRESSING ROOMS,
Pantry, servants' hall, servants' rooms, kitchen, (fitted with range, and one of Russell's celebrated cooking apparatus), wine cellars, stables, coach-house, store rooms, various out-buildings, and is replete with every convenience.
The Grounds occupy an area of about six acres, laid out with taste and judgment into shrubbery, lawn, vineyard, and kitchen garden, &c., &c.
The Auctioneer does not deem it too much to pronounce this property as one of the most compact and convenient in the County of Cumberland, and is well worthy the attention of parties requiring a retired and comfortable house, whilst at the same time they are within two hours' drive of the metropolis, and in the heart of the second town of the colony.
Title unexceptionable.
TERMS:
For the Cottage and Grounds, 25 per cent. cash deposit; the residue by an approved bill at six months.
For the Chattel Property, *Cash*.
The Furniture, Books, &c., will be on view on the Saturday previous to the sale. Catalogues (which will be ready in a few days) may be had of the Auctioneer; as also, cards to view the house and grounds, previous to the above day.
THE SALE WILL COMMENCE EACH DAY AT 11 O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

ORDER OF SALE.
MONDAY, AUGUST 5,
FURNITURE, PLATE, &c.
At one o'clock precisely,
THE COTTAGE AND GROUNDS
WINES, &c., &c.
TUESDAY, AUGUST 6,
BOOKS. 1533

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